ment, and Institutions of the Country, and the Lives and Manners of the Ancient Planters” (2 vols., Boston, 1825–26; 2d ed., with corrections, 1830). The first volume of Winthrop’s “Journal” had been published from the family manuscripts (Hartford, 1790). In addition to numerous genealogical, historical, political, and controversial pamphlets, he edited William Paley’s works (4 vols., Cambridge, 1828; new ed., 1830), and prepared a “Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England, showing Three Generations of Those who came before May, 1629” (4 vols., Boston, 1840–44). This work, which occupied him twenty years, and which displays extraordinary industry and research, has been called “the most stupendous work on genealogy ever completed.” He delivered the Fourth-of-July oration in Boston in 1811, and an address on the constitution of Massachusetts on 26 Jan., 1832, both of which were published.

SAVAGE, John, jurist, b. in New York in 1779; d. in Utica, N. Y., 19 Oct., 1803. After graduation at Union in 1799 he studied law, was admitted to the bar, and practised his profession. In 1814 he was a member of the state assembly, and was then elected to Congress as a Democrat, serving from 4 Dec., 1815, till 3 March, 1819, after which he became U. S. district attorney. He was state comptroller from 12 Feb., 1821, till 31 Jan., 1823, chief justice of the state supreme court from 1823 till 1827, and U. S. assistant treasurer in New York. He was a presidential elector on the Polk and Dallas ticket in 1844. Union gave him the degree of LL. D. in 1829.

SAVAGE, John, journalist, b. in Dublin, Ireland, 13 Dec., 1828. He was educated in his native city, and studied in the art school of the Royal Dublin society, winning several prizes. He became active in revolutionary clubs, established two journals that were suppressed by the British government, and afterward organized and led armed peasants in the south of Ireland. When the cause was lost, he escaped to New York in 1848, and became a proof-reader for the New York “Tribune.” Afterward he was literary editor of “The Citizen,” wrote for the “Democratic Review” and “American Review.” In 1857 he removed to Washington, where he was chief writer for “The States,” the organ of Stephen A. Douglas, of which paper he became the proprietor. He was active in organizing the Irish brigade and the Irish legion for the National army during the civil war, and served in the 69th New York regiment. The degree of LL. D. was conferred on him by St. John’s college, Fordham, N. Y., in 1873. Mr. Savage wrote several popular war-songs, including “The Starry Flag” and “The Muster of the North.” He is the author of “Lays of the Fatherland” (New York, 1850); “28 and 48: the Modern Revolutionary History and Literature of Ireland” (1855); “Our Living Representative Men” (Philadelphia, 1860); “Faith and Fancy,” poems (New York, 1863); “Campaign Life of Andrew Johnson” (1861); “Life and Public Services of Andrew Johnson” (1866); “Pictorial Life and Martyrs” (Boston, 1868); “Poems: Lyrical, Dramatic, and Romantic” (1870); and several plays, including “Sybil,” a tragedy, which was produced in 1858 (1859); “Waiting for a Wife,” a comedy (1859); and

ward he studied law, and began to practise in Smithville, Tenn. He was made colonel of Tennessee militia, and in 1841–7 was attorney-general of the 4th district of his state. In 1844 he was an elector on the Polk ticket. In 1847 he was appointed major of the 14th infantry, U. S. army, and served in the Mexican war, being wounded at Chapultepec, was promoted lieutenant-colonel of the 11th infantry, and, after the death of Col. William M. Graham, commanded this regiment until the close of the war. On returning to Tennessee he resumed the practice of law, and was elected to Congress as a Democrat, serving from 3 Dec., 1849, till 3 March, 1853, and again from 3 Dec., 1855, till 3 March, 1859, being a member of the committee on military affairs. During the civil war he was colonel of the 16th Tennessee Confederate infantry, and was wounded at Perryville and at Murfreesboro. He served in the legislature of Tennessee in 1877, 1879, and 1887, and now (1898) practises law in McMinnville.

SAVAGE, Minot Judson, clergyman, b. in Norridgewock, Me., 10 June, 1841. He was educated at Bowdoin, graduated at Bangor theological seminary in 1864, and became a Congregational missionary in California. He was pastor of churches in Framingham, Mass., in 1867, and Hannibal, Mo., in 1869. In 1873 he had charge of a Unitarian church in Chicago, and since 1874 he has been pastor of the “Church of the Unity” in Boston. Among his publications are “Christianity, the Science of Manhood” (Boston, 1873); “The Religion of Evolution” (1876); “Bluffton, a Story of Today” (1878); “Life Questions” (1879); “The Morals of Evolution” (1880); “Belief in God” (1881); “Beliefs about Man” (1882); “Poems” (1882); “Beliefs about the Bible” (1883); “The Modern Sphinx” (1883); “The Religious Life” (1886); “Social Problems” (1889); and “My Creed” (1891).

SAWTELLE. Charles Greene, soldier, b. in Norridgewock, Me., 10 May, 1834. His father, Cullen Sawtell, was a merchant in 1843–5 and 1849–51. After graduation at the U. S. military academy in 1854, he served in quelling Kansas border disturbances, in the Utah expedition in 1858, and on garrison duty in California in 1859–60. On 17 May, 1861, he became captain of the staff and assistant quartermaster. He superintended the forwarding of troops and supplies for the Army of the Potomac until 17 Aug., 1862, and the embarkation during the Maryland campaign. He was chief quartermaster of the 2d corps in the Rappahanock campaign, and engaged on Gen. Stoneman’s raid toward Richmond in May, 1863. From 21 June till 6 Aug., 1863, he was assistant chief quartermaster of the Army of the Potomac, and forwarded supplies from Washington and Alexandria, Va., for the Pennsylvania campaign. He was chief quartermaster of the cavalry bureau in Washington from 6 Aug., 1863, till 15 Feb., 1864, and then was transferred to Brownsville, Tex., and was in charge of the transmigration of troops and supplies for Gen. Nathaniel P. Banks’ army on its return from Red river, which he met at Atachalasita. He constructed a bridge of 900 feet across the river, using 21 steamers as pontoons. From 10 May till 6 June, 1864, he was in charge of steam transportation in the Department of the Gulf, and was
Saunders, Romulus M.—Born in Caswell County, North Carolina, March, 1791. He received an academical education, and spent two years in the University of that State. He studied law in Tennessee, and was admitted to practice there in 1812. He returned to North Carolina; was in the House of Commons from 1815 to 1820, and for two years Speaker of the House. He was a Representative in Congress from 1821 to 1827, and from 1841 to 1845. In 1838 he was Attorney-General of the State; in 1838 was President of the Board of Commissioners to settle the claims of American citizens under the treaty of July 4, 1831, with France; in 1835 he was elected a Judge of the Supreme Court; in 1846 he was appointed by President Polk Minister to Spain, where he remained four years; on his return he was again elected to the Legislature of North Carolina; after which he devoted much attention to the railroad improvements of the State. Died in Raleigh, April 21, 1867.

Savage, John. —He was a member of the New York Assembly in 1814; and from 1815 to 1819 a Representative in Congress from that State. He subsequently held the positions of District Attorney, Commissioner of the State, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and Treasurer of the United States for New York, and was a Presidential Elector in 1845. Died in Utica, October 19, 1863, aged eighty-four years.

Savage, John H.—He was a native of Warren County, Tennessee. During his minority he volunteered as a private soldier, under General Gaines, to defend the Texan frontier; also served during a campaign in Florida. He afterwards studied law, and commenced practice, in 1837, at Smithville, Tennessee. He was elected Colonel of the Tennessee Militia; was elected by the Legislature Attorney-General of the Fourth District of his State in 1841, and held the office until 1847. During that year he received from President Polk the appointment of Major in the Fortieth Regiment United States Infantry, and, joining the American army in Mexico, was present at the battles of Contreras, Churubusco, and Molina del Rey, and was wounded at Chapultepec. He was promoted to the position of Lieutenant-Colonel, and as such had command of his regiment, after the death of Colonel Graham, until the close of the war. On returning to Tennessee, he resumed the practice of his profession; and was first elected a Representative in Congress in 1849; he was re-elected in 1851; declined being a candidate in 1853; and was re-elected in 1855 and 1857. He was a member of the Committee on Military Affairs.

Savage, John S.—Born in Clermont County, Ohio, October 9th, 1841; received a common-school education; was admitted to the bar in Clinton County, Ohio, in 1865; never held any public office until elected a Representative from Ohio to the Forty-fourth Congress.

Sawtell, Cullen.—He was born in Norridgewock, Maine; graduated at Bowdoin College in 1855; studied law, and admitted to the bar in 1825; served eight years as Register of Probate; was a State Senator during the years 1843 and 1844; and was a Representative in Congress from Maine from 1845 to 1847, and again from 1849 to 1851.

Sawyer, Lemuel.—Was born in Camden County, North Carolina, in 1777; educated at Flatbush, New York; studied law; was in the State Legislature in 1801, and voted in the Electoral College for Thomas Jefferson in 1804. He was elected a Representative from North Carolina to Congress in 1807, serving until 1813; and subsequently served in the same capacity from 1817 to 1829, and from 1829 to 1839. About the year 1850 he removed to Washington, and held a clerkship in one of the departments. Published a Life of John Randolph.

Sawyer, Lorenzo.—He was born in Le Ray, Jefferson County, New York, May 23, 1820; while obtaining the rudiments of his education he worked upon a farm; in his sixteenth year, went with his father to Pennsylvania; subsequently went to Ohio, and finished his education at the Western Reserve College; studied law, and came to the bar in 1846; removed to Illinois; thence to Wisconsin; and in 1850 he went to California; worked for a time in the mines; settled in the practice of his profession at Sacramento; but soon afterwards went to Nevada, where he remained until 1853; and has since resided permanently in San Francisco. In 1854 he was elected Attorney for the city; was afterwards appointed Judge of the District Court for the State; and in 1863 was elected one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State; Chief Justice from 1868 to 1870, and in the latter year he was commissioned United States Circuit Judge for the Ninth Circuit, residing in San Francisco, California.

Sawyer, Philetus.—He was born in Whiting, Addison County, Vermont; educated at a common-school and business education; removed to Wisconsin, and devoted himself to the lumber-trade; was elected to the Legislature of that State in 1857 and 1861; in 1863 he was elected Mayor of Oshkosh, and re-elected in 1864; and was elected a Representative from Wisconsin to the Thirty-ninth Congress, serving on the Committee on Manufactures and on Invalid Pensions. He was also a Delegate to the Philadelphia "Loyalists' Convention" of 1866; and was re-elected to the Fortieth Congress, serving on the Committee on Commerce and Southern Railroads. He was also re-elected to the three succeeding Congresses, serving as Chairman of the Committee on the Pacific Railroad and various other Committees. He declined a re-election.

Sawyer, S. T.—He was born in North Carolina; and was a Representative in Congress from that State from 1837 to 1839. He was appointed by President Pierce Collector of Customs at Norfolk, Virginia;


SAUNDERS, Alvin (1896–1967), a Senator from Nebraska; born in Fremont County, Ky., July 12, 1874; attended the common schools and pursued an academic course; moved with his father to Illinois in 1829 and to Mount Pleasant, Iowa (then a part of Wisconsin Territory), in 1836; postmaster of Mount Pleasant for seven years; studied law but never entered upon its practice; engaged in mercantile pursuits and banking; delegate to the State constitutional convention in 1846; member, State Senate 1854–1856, 1858–1860; one of the commissioners appointed by Congress to organize the Pacific Railroad Co.; Governor of the Territory of Nebraska 1861–1867; elected as a Republican to the United States Senate and served from March 5, 1877, to March 3, 1883; chairman, Committee on Territories (Forty-seventh Congress); died in Omaha, Nebr., November 1, 1889; interment in Forest Lawn Cemetery.

Biography: DAB.

SAUNDERS, Edward Watts, a Representative from Virginia; born near Rockmount, Franklin County, Va., October 20, 1860; received his early education under private teachers; attended Bellevue High School, Bedford County, Va., and was graduated from the University of Virginia at Charlottesville in 1882; studied law; was admitted to the bar and commenced practice in Rockmount, Va., in 1883; member of the State House of delegates 1897–1901 and served as speaker in 1900; elected judge of the Fourth Circuit Court of Virginia in 1901 and judge of the seventh circuit in 1904; elected as a Democrat to the Fifty-ninth Congress to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Claude A. Swanson; reelected to the Sixtieth and to the six succeeding Congresses and served from November 6, 1905, to February 29, 1920, when he resigned, having been elected judge of the State supreme court of appeals, which position he held until his death in Rockmount, Franklin County, Va., on December 16, 1921; interment in High Street Cemetery.

SAUNDERS, Romulus Mitchell, a Representative from North Carolina, born near Milton, Caswell (then Orange) County, N.C., March 3, 1791; attended the common schools and the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, 1809–1811; studied law; was admitted to the bar in Nashville, Tenn., in 1812 and commenced practice in Milton, N.C.; member of the State house of commons in 1815, 1817, and 1819, and served two years as speaker; trustee of the University of North Carolina 1819–1864; moved to Raleigh, N.C., in 1823; elected as a Republican to the Seventeenth Congress; reelected to the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Congresses (March 4, 1821–March 3, 1827); declined to be a candidate for reelection; attorney general of the State 1828–1831; judge of the superior court 1833–1840; unsuccessful candidate for Governor of North Carolina in 1840; elected as a Democrat to the Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth Congresses (March 4, 1841–March 3, 1845); chairman, Committee on the Judiciary (Twenty-eighth Congress); unsuccessful candidate for reelection; successful candidate for the United States Senate in 1842 and 1852; Minister to Spain 1846–1849; again a member of the State house of commons 1850–1852; judge of the superior court of North Carolina 1852–1856; member of the board of commissioners to revise the laws of North Carolina; died in Raleigh, N.C., April 21, 1867; interment in Old City Cemetery.

Biography: DAB.

SAUTHOFF, Harry, a Representative from Wisconsin; born in Madison, Dane County, Wis., June 3, 1879; attended the public schools; was graduated from the University of Wisconsin at Madison in 1902; taught school at Lake Geneva (Wis.) High School 1903–1904 and at Northern Illinois State Normal School at DeKalb 1905 and 1906; was graduated from the law department of the University of Wisconsin in 1909; was admitted to the bar the same year and commenced practice in Madison, Wis.; district attorney of Dane County, Wis., 1915–1919; secretary to Gov. John J. Blaine in 1921; delegate to the International Conference on the St. Lawrence Deep Waterway between the United States and Canada, in 1921, and to the Mississippi Valley Conference on Mississippi River Improvement, in 1921; served in the State senate 1925–1928; elected as a Progressive to the Seventy-fourth and Seventy-fifth Congresses (January 3, 1935–January 3, 1939); unsuccessful candidate for reelection in 1938 to the Seventy-sixth Congress; elected to the Seventy-seventh and Seventy-eighth Congresses (January 3, 1941–January 3, 1945); was not a candidate for renomination in 1944, but was unsuccessful for election to the United States Senate on the Progressive ticket; served in the House of Representatives from 1945 to 1955; died in Madison, Wis., on June 16, 1966; interment in Forest Hill Cemetery.

SAVAGE, Charles Raymond, a Representative from Washington; born on a farm at La Farge, Vernon County, Wis., April 12, 1906; attended the public schools; took special courses in mechanics, building construction, business law, and salesmanship; moved to Washington State and engaged in the building construction and logging businesses; member of the State house of representatives, 1938–1945, 1951–1959, 1963–1965, and 1969–1976; delegate to State Democratic conventions twelve times from 1938 to 1970; delegate, Democratic National Convention, 1944; elected as a Democrat to the Seventy-ninth Congress (January 3, 1945–January 3, 1947); unsuccessful candidate for reelection in 1946 to the Eighty-first Congress and also unsuccessful in a special election in June 1947 to the Eightieth Congress, and for election in 1948 to the Eighty-first Congress; unsuccessful candidate for nomination in 1958 to the Eighty-sixth Congress; continued his logging pursuits; district manager of an insurance society; engaged in real estate business; resided in Shelton, Wash., where he died January 14, 1976; interment in Shelton Memorial Park.

SAVAGE, Gus, a Representative from Illinois; born in Detroit, Mich., October 30, 1925; attended the public schools of Chicago; graduated from Wendell Phillips High School, Chicago, Ill., 1943; B.A., Roosevelt College, Chicago, 1941; served in the United States Army, 1943–1946; graduate work, Roosevelt College, 1952; attended Chicago-Kent College of Law, Chicago, 1952–1953; worked as a journalist, 1954–1979, and was editor and publisher, Citizen Community Newspapers, 1965–1979; a founder and chief strategist of black political independent movement in Midwest; campaign manager, Midwest League of Negro Voters, 1963; chairman, Protest at the Polls, 1963; chairman, Southend Voters Conference, Chicago, 1965; chairman, Committee for a Black Mayor, Chicago, 1973; unsuccessful candidate for election in 1970 to the Ninety-first Congress; elected as a Democrat to the Ninety-seventh and to the three succeeding Congresses (January 3, 1981–January 3, 1989); is a resident of Chicago, Ill.

SAVAGE, John, a Representative from New York; born in Salem, Washington County, N.Y., February 22, 1779; attended the common schools; was graduated from Union College, Schenectady, N.Y., in 1799; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1800 and commenced practice in Salem, N.Y.; district
attorney for the fourth New York district 1806-1811 and 1812 and 1813; member of the State assembly in 1814; elected as a Republican to the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Congresses (March 4, 1815-March 3, 1819); chairman, Committee on Revisal and Unfinished Business (Fifteenth Congress); district attorney of Washington County 1818-1820; State comptroller 1822-1823; chief justice of the State supreme court 1823-1839; appointed Treasurer of the United States in 1828 but did not accept; presidential elector on the Democratic ticket in 1844; died in Utica, N.Y., October 19, 1863; interment in Forest Hill Cemetery.

SAVAGE, John Houston, a Representative from Tennessee; born in McMinnville, Tenn., on September 9, 1815; attended the common schools, served as a private in the Seminole War; studied law; was admitted to the bar and commenced practice in Smithville, Tenn.; colonel of State militia; attorney general of the fourth Tennessee district 1841-1847; major of the Fourteenth United States Infantry during the Mexican War and subsequently promoted to lieutenant colonel; elected as a Democrat to the Thirty-first and Thirty-second Congresses (March 4, 1849-February 3, 1853); declined to be a candidate for reelection; elected to the Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth Congresses (March 4, 1855-March 3, 1859); colonel of the Sixteenth Regiment Tennessee Infantry in the Confederate Army during the Civil War; member of the State house of representatives 1877-1879 and 1887-1891 and the State senate 1879-1881; died in McMinnville, Tenn., on April 5, 1904; interment in Riverside Cemetery.

SAVAGE, John Simpson, a Representative from Ohio; born in Clermont County, Ohio, October 30, 1841; attended the public schools; taught school; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1865 and commenced practice in Wilmington, Clinton County, Ohio, the same year; elected as a Democrat to the Forty-fourth Congress (March 4, 1875-March 3, 1877); unsuccessful candidate for reelection in 1876 to the Forty-fifth Congress; resumed the practice of law; died in Wilmington, Ohio, November 24, 1884; interment in Sugar Grove Cemetery.

SAWTELL, Cullen, a Representative from Maine; born in Norridgewock, Maine, September 25, 1805; received his early education under private tutors and was graduated from Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Maine, in 1825; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1828 and practiced in Norridgewock until 1841; register of probate 1830-1838; member of the State senate 1842-1844; elected as a Democrat to the Twenty-ninth Congress (March 4, 1845-March 3, 1847); chairman, Committee on Revisal and Unfinished Business (Twenty-ninth Congress); elected to the Thirty-first Congress (March 4, 1849-March 3, 1851); chairman, Committee on Revolutionary Claims (Thirty-first Congress); attorney and credit manager for several mercantile firms in New York City 1852-1882; died in Englewood, Bergen County, N.J., November 10, 1887; interment in Brookside Cemetery.

SAWYER, Frederick Adolphus, a Senator from South Carolina; born in Bolton, Worcester County, Mass., December 12, 1822; attended the public schools; graduated from Harvard University in 1844; taught school in New England 1844-1856; took charge of the State normal school at Charleston, S.C., in 1859; returned to the North during the Civil War; returned to Charleston in February 1865 and was active in advancing reconstruction measures; appointed collector of internal revenue in the second South Carolina district 1865; upon the readmission of the State of South Carolina to representation was elected as a Republican to the United States Senate and served from July 16, 1868, to March 3, 1873; chairman, Committee on Education (Forty-first Congress), Committee on Education and Labor (Forty-second Congress); Assistant Secretary of the Treasury 1873-1874; employed in the United States Coast Survey 1874-1880; special agent of the War Department 1880-1887; conducted a preparatory school in Ithaca, N.Y., and gave private instruction to students in Cornell University; moved to Tennessee and became president of a company at Cumberland Gap to promote the sale of agricultural lands in that vicinity; died suddenly at Shawnee, Tenn., July 31, 1891; interment in "Sawyer Heights," on the property of his land company, near East Cumberland Gap.

SAWYER, Harold Samuel, a Representative from Michigan; born in San Francisco, Calif., March 21, 1920; attended the public schools of the San Francisco Bay area; graduated from Marin Junior College (now College of Marin), Kentfield, Calif., 1940 and University of California, Berkeley, 1940; J.D., Hastings College of Law, University of California, San Francisco, 1943; admitted to the California bar in 1943 and Michigan bar in 1945 and commenced practice in Grand Rapids; served in the United States Navy, 1941-1945; private practice of law, 1945-1970; member, Michigan Law Revision Commission, 1968-1976; Kent County (Mich.) prosecuting attorney, 1975-1976; elected as a Republican to the Ninety-fifth and to the three succeeding Congresses (January 3, 1977-January 3, 1985); did not seek reelection to the Ninety-ninth Congress; resumed the practice of law in Grand Rapids; is a resident of Rockford, Mich.

SAWYER, John Gilbert, a Representative from New York; born in Bradford, Rutland County, Vt., June 5, 1825; attended the common schools and Millville (N.Y.) Academy; moved to Albion, N.Y., in 1845; superintendent of schools for Orleans County, N.Y., 1848-1851; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1850 and commenced practice in Albion, N.Y.; justice of the peace of Barre, Orleans County, N.Y., 1851-1892; prosecuting attorney of Orleans County 1862-1885; judge and surrogate of Orleans County 1867-1888; delegate to several Republican State conventions; elected as a Republican to the Forty-ninth, Fiftyieth, and Fifty-first Congresses (March 4, 1885-March 3, 1891); chairman, Committee on Expenditures in the Department of the Navy (Fifty-first Congress); was not a candidate for renomination in 1890; resumed the practice of his profession in Albion, N.Y., and died there September 5, 1898; interment in Mount Albion Cemetery.

SAWYER, Lemuil, a Representative from North Carolina; born in Camden County, near Elizabeth City, N.C., in 1777; graduated from Flatbush Academy, Long Island, N.Y., and was graduated from the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill in 1799; attended the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia for a time; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1804 and commenced practice in Elizabeth City, N.C.; member of the State house of commons in 1808 and 1810; elected as a Republican to the Ten, Eleventh, and Twelfth Congresses (March 4, 1807-March 3, 1813); elected to the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, and Seventeenth Congresses (March 4, 1817-March 3, 1823); unsuccessful candidate for reelection in 1822 to the Eighteenth Congress; elected to the Nineteenth and Twentieth Congresses (March 4, 1825-March 3, 1829); unsuccessful candidate for reelection in 1828 to the Twenty-first Congress; department clerk in Washington, D.C., until his death in that city on January 9, 1852; interment in the family burying ground at Lambs Ferry, Camden County, about four miles from Elizabeth City, Pasquotank County, N.C.

Bibliography: DAR
Savage, John
From: Salem, N.Y.
Last residence: Utica, N.Y.

The records show one
John Savage, Aid de Camp, 16 Brigade (De Kidder's)
New York Militia,

Appointed September 6, 1814.
Paid to September 22, 1814.
MARRIED:—In this city, John Savage, Esq., of Salem, member of Congress, to Miss Ruth Wheeler, of Lanesborough.

Albany Argus
November 12, 1816.
To

John Savage

(or, if deceased, to the friend or relative who knew him best:)

Sir—

It is the aim of the subscriber, in collecting the information asked for, by the following questions, to obtain materials for a concise Biographical Catalogue of the Trustees, Presidents, Professors and Tutors of Union College;—of those who have received Honorary Degrees from it, and of all who have ever entered that Institution, whether Graduates or not.

That such a work would be interesting and useful to the Alumni, will not be denied; but whether it be practicable, will depend chiefly upon the ready aid which they shall impart. This circular will be sent to every Graduate whose residence is known, (or, if deceased, to some near connection,) and it is confidently expected that no one will neglect to return it in due time, with as full information as circumstances will allow,—some of the questions, indeed, it may not be possible to answer with certainty; others not at all: still, it is hoped that no important facts will be withheld because of their fewness.

Death has removed the twenty-four original Trustees, the first three Presidents, the early Professors and Tutors, and from eight hundred to one thousand of the Alumni of the College. Doubtless their friends and descendants will cheerfully contribute such information as may be necessary to illustrate the lives and services of the departed.

The subscriber desires every aid that may help to throw light upon the personal history of those concerned:—Obituary Notices; Biographical Sketches, Eulogies, Funeral Sermons, Newspapers Notices of election to important offices or stations, Business Cards and Advertisements; also, copies of their Literary Works, Addresses, Sermons, Essays, Newspapers, engraved Portraits, &c.; all of which will be deposited and preserved in an Alcove of the College Library, to be set apart for "Graduates' Works."

He also requests that all future changes affecting the answers which shall be given, be made known to him from time to time,—especially the deaths of Graduates, and that the usual obituary notices or funeral sermons published on such occasions, be sent with the announcements, as it is his purpose to publish these deaths hereafter once a year.

Jonathan Pearson, Librarian.

Union College,
Schenectady, N. Y.

Specimens of Biographical Sketches for the Proposed Catalogue.

John Glidden Brown was born at Quimpeck, N. Y., May 2, 1806; parents, James and Elizabeth (Glidden) Brown, who moved to Epson, N. Y., in 1803. He was prepared for College at Holderness High School, under the instruction of Rev. Moses Johnson, and entered Union College Jan. 1817. He studied law with Hon. Septimus H. Smith, of Great Falls; was admitted to the bar in 1821; and commenced the practice of law in Albany, with James S. Van Hoosen, Esq. In 1830 he moved to New-York City, which, thereafter, became his residence. He was Member of N. Y. Assembly 1832–5; State Senator 1836–8; Member of Congress 1839–41; and Judge of the Supreme Court 1842–6. He died June 30, 1849, of cholera, aged 49 years. Besides occasional speeches, orations and opinions, he wrote a work on constitutional law, and edited the N. Y. State Papers. He received the Degree of L. L. D. from Hamilton College in 1846.

Joseph Henshaw Luther was born in Hanover, Mass., June 1, 1798; parents, Joseph and Madeline (Henshaw) Luther; prepared for College at Yarborough Academy, John Aldy, Esq., Principal; and entered Union College Sept. 1814. He taught, 1815–20, in East Philadelphia, (Penn.) High School; graduated at Princeton Theological Seminary in 1823; and was ordained Sept. 25, 1823, at Marlton, N. J., and was Pastor of the Presbyterian Church till 1825. He was Pastor of the 1st Congregational Church of Haddon, Conn., 1825–30; Professor of Rhetoric in Erie College 1831–40; retired on account of ill health; and now resides in Philadelphia, Pa. He has published six sermons on various occasions; a series of lectures on Rhetoric and Belles Lettres, and the "Communicant's Companion." He received the Degree of D. D. from the Hudson University in 1842.

Thomas Pennington Radway was born Feb. 23, 1778, in Benton, N. Y.; parents, John Harmony and Mary (Pennington) Radway; was prepared for College at High Holme School, Rev. Hannah Kelton, Principal; entered Union College Sept. 1796; taught a few months in Suncook, Mass., in 1799; studied medicine with Dr. Jonas Physic and Dr. Abram Putnam, of Cambridge; attended medical lectures at the College of Surgeons and Physicians, and was admitted to, and commenced the practice of medicine in La Rhoine, in 1800. He was Surgeon in the Army 1813–15, and returned to practice at Oldbury in 1818, where he has since resided. He lectured in the Fairhaven Medical School on Anatomy and Physiology, 1830–5, and has published several articles in the New-York Medical Review, and two larger works on the "Functions of the Brain," and on "Gunshot Wounds."

N B. 1. Let the answers to the following questions be as full and authentic as possible; but when doubtful let them be marked thus (?).

2. When the person is deceased let his son, brother, nephew or other near relative forward the above in the best of his knowledge; Mike has been one friend who is not.

3. Let us much that be taken as may be found necessary for this purpose, and no more.

4. In case of some facts be not sufficient to contain all the facts to be sent, and neither of the same sort, if possible, leaving an insert margin of not less than one inch for binding.

5. In cases where no answers to this circular shall be returned, the editor will be obliged to publish such names without any biographical notices, or to rely upon information, gathered from other sources, and therefore, not always authentic.
XVII. General information respecting character, services, success, interesting passages and events in his life, &c.

Nothing worthy of record except what appears from official employment.

XVIII. Some account of his pedigree and family; its original seat in this or the old country, &c., &c.

Edward Savage was a French Huguenot.

John Savage lived in Ireland.

Grandfather John Savage left Ireland about 1710.

Savage's father, Rev. John, died in 1767.

Edward Savage was born in May. Mary M. Savage was born in June.

Edward Savage was about 20 years a member of the legislature.

XIX. List of such graduates as may not be widely known; their residences, professions, dates of deaths, &c.; the name and residence, also, of some near friend of the deceased, that further information may be sought for; thus:


(From Ancestry Vol. 6, p. 55, 1894)
Utica May 15, 1855.

Jonathan Pearson Esquire

Dear Sir,

I return the circular last sent to me, I fear I have not improved much upon the first one except that it is free from intimation.

The names you mention as belonging to the class a short time I collect except Shand in and Dr. Eyck. Dodd was from New Jersey and I have been informed that I read many years ago, but I do not know anything about it.

The Livingstons were very scholar Robert commonly called Bob half capacity enough, but like many, might say, most young men of fortune neglected his studies. He succeeded in political life so far as to be elected to Congress from Johnston County—resides in Louisiana some time—married a southern lady Mrs. Digges and died twenty to thirty years ago. Jacob is still living I believe in Libby's County I know nothing more about him. I have some recollection of Loomis but can give no reliable information about him.

Yours very respectfully,

John Savage
May 9, 1855

Jonathan Pearson Esquire

Dear Sir,

I am a little at a loss to know whether the paper enclosed is intended to be read as the record of the facts it contains—If it is I would like to have another copy sent me that I may communicate my answers in better order. That is in better hand writing, more plainly written and without interlineations. The facts will be the same, unless you suggest some correction—

Yours very respectfully,

John Savage
It is the aim of the subscriber, in collecting the information asked for by the following questions, to obtain materials for a concise Biographical Catalogue of the Trustees, Presidents, Professors and Tutors of Union College;—of those who have received Honoraries from it, and of all who have ever entered that Institution, whether Graduates or not.

That such a work would be interesting and useful to the Alumni, will not be denied; but whether it be practicable, will depend chiefly upon the ready aid which they shall impart. This circular will be sent to every Graduate whose residence is known, (or, if deceased, to some near connection,) and it is confidently expected that no one will neglect to return it in due time, with as full information as circumstances will allow—some of the questions, indeed, it may not be possible to answer with certainty; others not at all: still, it is hoped that no important facts will be withheld because of their fewness.

Death has removed the twenty-four original Trustees, the first three Presidents, the early Professors and Tutors, and from eight hundred to one thousand of the Alumni of the College. Doubtless their friends and descendants will cheerfully contribute such information as may be necessary to illustrate the lives and services of the departed.

The subscriber desires every aid that may help to throw light upon the personal history of those concerned:—Obituary Notices; Biographical Sketches, Epitaphs, Funeral Sermons, Newspaper Notice of election to important offices or stations, Business Cards and Advertisements; also, copies of their Literary Works, Addresses, Sermons, Essays, Newspapers, engraved Portraits, &c.; all of which will be deposited and preserved in an Album of the College Library, to be set apart for ‘Graduates’ Works.’

He also requests that all future changes affecting the answers which shall be given, be made known to him from time to time:—especially the deaths of Graduates, and that the usual obituary notices or funeral sermons published on such occasions, be sent with the announcements, as it is his purpose to publish those deaths hereafter once a year.

JONATHAN PEARSON, Librarian.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y.

SPECIMENS OF BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES FOR THE PROPOSED CATALOGUE.

John Gidden Brown was born in Quinapock, N. Y., May 2, 1809; parents, James and Elizabeth (Gidden) Brown, who moved to Epsom, N. Y., in 1866. He was prepared for College at Epsom High School, under the instruction of Rev. Moses Johnson, and entered Union College Jan. 1831. He studied law with Hon. Septimus H. Smith, of Great Falls; was admitted to the bar in 1821; and commenced the practice of law in Albany, with James S. Van Hessen, Esq. In 1830 he moved to New-York City, which, thereafter, became his residence. He was Member of N. Y. Assembly 1852-5; State Senator 1852-5; Member of Congress 1850-1; and Judge of the Superior Court 1842-5. He died June 30, 1849, of cholera, aged 49 years. Besides occasional speeches, cautions and opinions, he wrote a work on constitutional law, and edited the N. Y. State Papers. He received the Degree of LL. D. from Hamilton College in 1846.

Joseph Honshaw Luther was born in Hanover, Mass., June 1, 1798; parents, Joseph and Madeline (Honshaw) Luther; prepared for College at Yorkville Academy, John Almy, Esq., Principal; and entered Union College Sept. 1814. He taught, 1818-29, in East Philadelphia, (Penn.) High School; graduated at Princeton Theological Seminary in 1823; and was ordained Sept. 25, 1828, at Marlborough, N. Y.; and was Pastor of the Presbyterian Church till 1825. He was Pastor of the 1st Congregational Church of Hasleton, Conn., 1825-30; Professor of Rhetoric in Erie College 1831-40; retired on account of ill health, and now resides in Philadelphia, Pa. He has published six sermons on various occasions; a series of lectures on Rhetoric and Belles Lettres, and the "Communicant’s Companion." He received the Degree of D. D. from the Hudson University in 1842.

Thomas Pennington Radway was born Feb. 23, 1778, in Benton, N. Y.; parents, John Harmony and Mary (Pennington) Radway; was prepared for College at High Holme School, Rev. Hanover Kelton, Principal; entered Union College Sept. 1795; taught a few months in Saco, Mass., in 1799; studied medicine with Dr. Jonas Physic and Dr. Abram Petecar, of Camden; attended medical lectures at the College of Surgeons and Physicians, and was admitted to, and commenced the practice of medicine in New-Richmond, in 1806. He was Surgeon in the Army 1813-15, and returned to practice at Oldbury in 1816, where he has since resided. He lectured in the Fairhaven Medical School on Anatomy and Physiology, 1830-9, and has published several articles in the New-York Medical Review, and two larger works on the "Functions of the Brain," and on "Gunshot Wounds."

N. B. 1. Let the answers to the following questions be as full and authentic as possible; but when doubtful let them be marked thus (†).
2. When the person is deceased let some near relative or friend fill out the blanks to the best of his knowledge; if he have but one fact, let that be sent.
3. Let as much time be taken as may be found necessary for this purpose, and no more.
4. In case this sheet be not sufficient to contain all the facts to be sent, add another of the same size, if possible, leaving an inner margin of not less than one inch for binding.
5. In case whose no answers to this circular shall be returned, the editor will be obliged to publish such names without any biographical notices, or to rely upon information, gathered from other sources, and, therefore, not always authentic.
XI. The important offices he has held, with dates; thus —
[Harvard of Law, N. Y., 1813-14 and 1815-16; Member of Congress, 1815-16; Member of Assembly, 1815-16.]
District Attorney from 1820 to 1821; from 1812 to 1813.
The Senate from 1818 to 1820; Member of Assembly 1812-14
Municipal Judge, after 1837; from 1818 to 1819.
Commissioner of the Police from 1822 to 1824.
Chairman of the Board of Education from January 1823 to August 1826.

XII. The literary or scientific works he has written or edited.
[Subject are selected for the "Graduates Album" in College Library.
Text as set forth in some financial reports of construction found in legislative documents and the reports of the Supreme Court of New York in several and important cases.

XIII. The number of his relatives who graduated at Union College.

XIV. The literary, professional, or honorary titles he received; from when, with dates; thus —
[M. D., from Albany Medical College, 1842; LL.D., from Harvard College, 1868; A.M.
D. D. Columbia College, N. Y., August 1828.

XV. Is there an engraved portrait of him? —
Yes.

XVI. The date, circumstances, and place of his death.
[Death at New York, 1842-1850, at age 75.]
In memory of his services, his character, his many good qualities and noble traits, his love for the country and his people. May he rest in peace.
Nothing worthy of record except what appears from official employment.

XIII. Some account of his pedigree and family: its original seat in this or the old country.

Paternal great-grandfather John Savage, of Hull, was a French Hugenot who fled to Ireland County, Donegal, from persecution in France. He married a daughter of the family of Hamilton, who was with King William at the Battle of the Boyne. His great-grandfather John Savage left Ireland about 1710 and settled in Massachusetts till 1767 when he removed to Salem, then New Purti. His grandfathers, George and Samuel, of Charlotte County, now Washington County, both paternal great-grandfathers, were born in Ireland County, Donegal. His maternal great-grandfather, Alexander M. MacAulay, of Scotland, was born in Islay. His maternal great-grandfather, of Massachusetts, was born in Rutland, Woburn County, Massachusetts. His great-grandmother of New York.

XIX. List of such graduates as may not be widely known; their residences, professions, dates of deaths, &c.; the name and residence, also, of some near friend of the deceased, that further information may be sought for; thus:

[John Otaa Smith, Boston, Massachusetts, died 1861. His brother, Joseph H. Smith, resident in Wakefield, Mass.]

Edward Savage was about 20 years succeeding member of the New York Legislature and several county offices. He was a Surgeon-Judge of Common Pleas. His father, John Savage, was a surgeon in the French war to call in and served as a captain under General Washington.
Hon. John Savage, LL.D.

Washington Co., N.Y.

John Savage was born in Salem February 22d, 1779, and was a son of Judge Edward Savage, whose wife was Mary McNaughton. He was a student at Washington Academy, and was graduated from Union College in 1799, receiving first honors in his class. He studied law in the office of Judge Woodworth, in Troy, and opened a law office in Salem in 1803. In his class, on both of his examinations, was Martin Van Buren. In 1804 he was the messenger to carry the vote of the legislature for Thomas Jefferson to Washington. He was appointed District Attorney for the northern district of New York state in 1805, but in 1810 ill-health compelled him to resign this position, and he went abroad, but the prospect of war became so threatening that he hastened home. In 1813 he was elected to the legislature, and regarding the war as necessary and just he sustained the policy of President Madison with great vigor. His party was in the minority, but the evidence of the esteem in which Mr. Savage was held is shown by his being appointed to draw up the minority report, vindicating their principles and conduct. He was elected to Congress in 1814 and 1816, but in 1818 declined the nomination, and was appointed district attorney of Washington county.

As he was sitting in his office one day in February, 1821, Sheriff Gibbs called on his way home from Albany. The judge inquired if there was any news from Albany. "The main item of news," said Gibbs, "is that John Savage, of Salem, has been appointed comptroller of the state of New York." He was thunderstruck, and could scarcely credit the news, but, on going to Albany, he learned its truth and, accepting the office, he applied himself assiduously to the study of it, and soon became its master. With him originated the system of taxing corporations instead of the individual stockholders.
By the new constitution, established in 1822, a reorganization of the judiciary of the state was necessary. Judge Savage was appointed chief justice of the Supreme Court, which office he held until 1830, when he was induced to resign in consequence of the illness of his wife. In 1837 he removed from Albany to Utica, but in 1840 he returned to Salem and took up his residence on the old homestead. In 1855 his advancing age, and the infirmities consequent to it, made him give up country life for the better conveniences and comforts of the city, and he returned to Utica, where he passed the remaining years of his life in tranquility, and died Oct. 19, 1863 at the ripe old age of 84 years.

Judge Savage had some marked peculiarities of character. He was reserved and diffident to an unusual degree, and to a common acquaintance his manner would be considered cold, but among intimate friends no man was more genial or interesting, and under a somewhat dry exterior he possessed great warmth of heart. His greatest characteristics were his strong tenacity of purpose where questions of principle were involved, and his wonderful power of judicial reasoning.

In 1816 he married Ruth Wheeler of Lanesboro, Mass., and had two daughters, one married Ward Hunt of Utica, the other, Laura, died unmarried at an advanced age.
CLASS OF 1799

JOHN SAVAGE

Son of Judge Edward and Mary (McNaughton) Savage, who became Chief of the Supreme Court of New York, was born February 22, 1779; married (1) Esther, a daughter of General Timothy Newell and his wife Mariam Upham of Sturbridge, Mass., who was born June 3, 1787 and died at Salem, N. Y., March 14, 1811, aged 23 years. He subsequently in Nov. 1816, at Lanesboro, Mass., married Miss Ruth Wheeler, daughter of Gideon Wheeler of that place. They had two children, daughters: May, who married Ward Hunt, after one of the judges of the Supreme Court of the United States, and Laura, who now resides in the city of Utica.

Chief Justice Savage died at Utica, October 19, 1853, aged 84 years. His wife, Ruth Wheeler, had died before him, on April 16, 1837, in the 52nd year of her age.

History of Washington Co., N. Y.  p. 100
The Gibson Papers
Compiled by William H. Hill
Fort Edward, N. Y.
1932.

Hon. JOHN SAVAGE, LL.D. Col. Coll., 1799, a resident of Albany, N.Y., was a member of the Philomathean Society.

Philomathean Catalogue 1830.
Born in New York, in 1779
Died in Utica, New York, October 19, 1863.

Was graduated at Union College in 1799, and took
a high rank at the bar not long after his admission.
He filled many public offices—was a member of the
assembly and congress, state comptroller, United States
district-attorney, United States assistant-treasurer in
New York, and a presidential elector on the Polk ticket.

On January 29, 1823, he was appointed chief-justice
of the Supreme Court of the State, and he occupied that
position until 1836, resigning to accept the place of
clerk of the court at Utica, to which he was appointed
by his associates. His resignation was due to the in-
adequacy of the compensation then paid to the judges of
the state.

Chief-Justice Savage's opinions are reported in Cowen's
and the first fifteen volumes of Wendell's Reports. They are
classed with the ablest of American judicial opinions,
being equally distinguished for sound reasoning and profound
learning. He uniformly gave most scrupulous attention not
only to principles but also to approved authorities, and
seemed to take pride in going back to the year-books and
old horn-books of the law.

History of the Bench and Bar of New York Vol. 1 p. 470
New York History Co.
1897.
John Savage was born in Salem, N. Y., February 22, 1779, and was a son of the noted Judge Edward Savage. He was a student at Washington Academy, and was graduated from Union College in 1799, receiving first honors in his class. He was admitted to the bar and began to practice in Salem. In his class, on both of his examinations, was Martin Van Buren. In 1804 he was the messenger to carry the vote of the legislature for Thomas Jefferson to Washington. He was appointed District attorney for the northern district of New York State in 1806, but in 1810 ill-health compelled him to resign this position, and he went abroad, but the prospect of war became so threatening that he hastened home. In 1813 he was elected to the legislature, and regarding the war as necessary and just he sustained the policy of President Madison with great vigor. His party was in the minority, but the evidence of the esteem in which Mr. Savage was held is shown by his being appointed to draw up the minority report, vindicating their principles of conduct. He was elected to Congress in 1814 and 1816, but in 1818 declined the nomination, and was appointed District Attorney of Washington County.

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John Savage, of Salem, a lawyer, and a Democrat of the "Bucktail" stamp, was the fifth Comptroller, and at the time of his appointment he was not new to public life. He had been district attorney of the fourth district from 1806 to 1821, and again from 1812 to 1813; Member of the Assembly from Washington county in 1814, and Member of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Congresses. He rounded out his official career with eight years (from 1823 to 1831) of honored service as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. As a public official it has been said that "he exhibited candor, industry, caution and excellent judgment." No higher qualities can be given to any official. Later in life the positions of Chancellor and Treasurer of the United States were offered to him but declined. During his term of office there was no substantial change or enlargement of the powers and duties of the office, aside from the power given to invest money belonging to the common school fund. The common school fund had its origin in 1805, and was, as the determination for free schools became more manifest, an application to a school system of the Utopian vision of the makers of the State, who sought to pay all the expenses of maintaining the government by interest from its invested funds. The common school fund has, unlike the general fund, steadily increased. By the act of 1805 the proceeds of the first 500,000 acres of vacant and unappropriated land sold by the Surveyor-General were appropriated as a permanent fund for the support of common schools. Other sources of revenue were from time to time turned into this fund, until from its small beginning of $58,757.24 in 1805, it has now productive investments aggregating $4,448,140.77. It is a noteworthy fact that no direct tax for school purposes was laid by the State until 1853, the interest of the fund alone being appropriated. How small a portion the income plays in maintaining the schools of the State to-day can be seen in the fact that the State for the year 1896 appropriated for educational purposes $4,970,134.53, and this is not a quarter of the amount expended in the State for the purpose of free schools, when the local contributions are taken into account. Judge Savage was the last Comptroller who owed his selection to the Council of Appointment.

A Century in the Comptroller’s Office
State of New York.
James A. Roberts
Albany 1897.