Born at Caughnawaga, 1777, son of Thomas Romeyn; Union College, 1797; studied under D. Romeyn; licensed Classis of Albany, 1798; Florida, 1800-6; Niskayuna and Amity, 1806-27; without charge 1827-57; died

Nature had endowed him with a majestic frame, and his dignified personal appearance was calculated to impress those who met him. His words were weighty, and his opinions carefully guarded. In business affairs he was scrupulously just and honest. He could indulge in a quiet humor which amused the social circle, or gave inimitable point to some keen reflection. Never boisterous nor violent, his genial spirit flowed like a peaceful river. He was fixed in his views, and calmly self-possessed in maintaining them; a thoughtful, reflecting man, he was seldom or never taken by surprise. Neither in personal affairs nor in the councils of the church did he display the hurried manner and action which betokened impulse without deliberation. His understanding was one of masculine vigor. He dealt with principles, and jealously guarded their maintenance and application. His preaching was eminently scriptural and experimental. His peaceful spirit would not allow him to indulge in controversy. He was a careful student and observer of the constitution and order of the church. His views were generally farreaching, sagacious, accurate, and consistent. His opinions were always treated with the highest respect and consideration. His attainments were respectable, and his reading was carefully digested and stored for use. He was not an orator, nor did he aim at the graces of composition; yet he could enchain an audience by his solemn and calm earnestness, his logical argument, and his forcible appeal. In 1827, he was obliged to resign pastoral duties, because of failure in health. In 1843, he met with a fall, which crippled him for the rest of his life.

Manual of the Reformed Church in America 2nd Ed., Rev. Edward Tanjore Corwin New York 1869. Mr. C. N. Waldon (Mrs. Webster) Union College Schenectady, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

Thomas and Ann Romeyn in the parsonage of the Reformed Church at Amity or Visschers Ferry. I believe there were one or two more children born between 1801 and 1806, while he was preaching at Minaville, Duanesburg and Rotterdam churches.

Susannah Mariah - July 1-1807
Thomas - May 7-1810
Rachel Ann - March 23-1814
Benjamin James - Jan. 13-1816
Elenor - Sept. 19-1819
Harriet Stafford - Dec. 5-1821

These children were also baptized at the Amity Church.

There was also born to Spencer Stafford and Harriet Romeyn a son, James Romeyn Stafford, April 9, 1808, and baptized at Amity.

I have located the farm where the Romeyns still live in the Town of Glenville, and I think the date 1857 of Rev. Thomas Romeyn's death should be re-checked as that would make him 80 years old at death, and on an old map I have dated 1856; the farm is shown as occupied by A. Romeyn which could be the widow Ann Staley Romeyn and would check the time of death as 1851, as shown on some of your records.

The Romeyn farm has been continuously occupied by a Thomas Romeyn and the present one, Thomas the 4th, is about 80 years old. The farm is located very close to the Montgomery line.

My old map of 1856 shows several Staley families in the vicinity of the Romeyn farm and no doubt there was a connection between them and Mrs. Romeyn who was Ann Staley.

Very truly yours,

H. Becker

H. I. Becker

CLASS OF 1797

THOMAS ROMEYN

The first settled pastor of whom there is any record, was the Rev. Thomas Romeyn. He was pastor of the church (First Reformed Church of Rotterdam), in connection with that of Minaville and Duanesburgh, from 1800, to January 1, 1806, when the pastoral relation was dissolved, and he took charge of the churches of Niskayuna and Amity, where he labored until 1827. After leaving Niskayuna and Amity he retired to his farm in Glenville, where he lived until his decease, 1857.

History of the County of Schenectady p. 212 Howell & Tenney.

Reverend Thomas Romewn was in the class of 1798 at the Seminary. He had been, I think in the class of 1797 at Union College, but did not graduate. He was born at Caughnawaga. New York in 1777. I wish to know the month and day of his birth. He was the son of Reverend Thomas Romeyn (1729-94). The son studied under Reverend Dirck Romeyn. DD., the founder of Union College, was licensed by the Classis of Albany in 1798. He was pastor at the church at Florida. New York from 1800 to 1806 and of the two churches at Niskayuna and Amity. New York from 1806 to 1827. He died in 1857. I wish to know his occupation and residence between 1827 and 1867. Also the place of his death and the month and day. ucstaring romey _ T _ 0005 labors, brought him to a comparatively early grave.—See "Sprague's Annals." In "The Evangelist," July, 1881, there is a sketch of the Cedar St. Presbyterian Church, of which the Presbyt. Ch. of Fifth Av. (the late Dr. John Hall's) is the continuation.

Publications: "A Tribute to the Truth." On the Controversy with Episcopacy. 1809. See "Christian's Mag.," ii. 429-441.—"The Danger and Duty of Young People." 1810.—"The Good Samaritan." A ser. for bene-

fit of N. Y. Dispensary. 1810.—"Exhortation to the People." At the install, and ord, of Rev. Gardiner Spring. 1810.—A Ser. at the Opening of the Gen. Assembly. 1811.—Sermons. 2 vols. 8vo, pp. 434 and 440. N.Y.,

Romeyn, Theodore B. (s. of Jas. Romeyn); b. Oct. 22, 1827, R.C. 46, N.B.S.

1816.

ished until it became morbid; which, combined with intellectual and bound

49, l. Cl., Bergen; Blawenburg, 49-65, Hackensack, 1st, 65-85, died Aug. 29. D.D. by R.C. 1869.
PUBLICATIONS: Historical disc. delivered on the occasion of the re-opening and dedication of 1st R.D.C. at Hackensack. 1870.—"Centennial Disc." preached in 1st Ref. Ch. Hackensack. 1872.—"The Adaptation of Ref. Ch. in America to the American Character." 1876. In "Centennial Discs."

Romeyn, Theodore F., b. 1760 (s. of Thos. Romeyn); studied under Livingston (?), 1. by Gen. Meeting of Ministers and Elders, 1783; Raritan and Bedminster, Nov. 1784-Sept. 1785, d.

His ministry was unusually spiritual and fervent, and was closed impressively in his sudden and early death. He was a gifted and extraordinary young man, and his brief career left a deep impression on many hearts.—
'Messler's Mem. Ser.," 1783, p. 32. Some "Elegiac Verses" concerning him

Nature had endowed him with a majestic frame, and his dignified personal appearance was calculated to impress those who met him. His words were weighty, and his opinions carefully guarded. In business affairs he was scrupulously just and honest. He could indulge in a quiet humor which amused the social circle, or gave inimitable point to some keen reflection. Never boisterous nor violent, his genial spirit flowed like a peaceful river. He was fixed in his views, and calmly self-possessed in maintaining them; a thoughtful, reflecting man, he was seldom or never taken by surprise. Neither in personal affairs nor in the councils of the Church did he display the hurried manner and action which betokened impulse without deliberation. His understanding was one of masculine vigor. He dealt with principles, and jealously guarded their maintenance and application. His preaching was eminently scriptural and experimental. His peaceful spirit would not allow him to indulge in controversy. He was a careful student and observer of the constitution and order of the Church. His views were generally far-reaching, sagacious, accurate, and consistent. His opinions were always treated with the highest respect and consideration. His attainments were respectable, and his reading was carefully digested and stored for use. He was not an orator, nor did he aim at the graces of composition; yet he could enchain an audience by his solemn and calm earnestness, his logical argument, and his forcible appeal. In 1827 he was obliged to resign pastoral duties, because of failure in health. In 1843 he met with a fall, which crippled him for the rest of his life.- "Mag.

Publication: "A Charge to Rev. Jas. Murphy, Glenville." 1826, "Mag.

UCSLAFTYTIBMEYN - T- 0006

Romeyn, Thomas, b. at Caughnawaga, 1777 (s. of Thos. Romeyn); U.C. 1797, studied under D. Romeyn, l. Cl. Albany, 1798; Florida, 1800-6,

Niskayuna and Amity, 1806-27, w. c. 1827-57, d.

R.D.C.," i. 301.

R.D.C.," i, 301.



TOS - Rev. J. Dean Dykstra, left, examines the hour glass used by Dominie Dirck Romeyn, eighth minister of the Dutch Reformed Church (the present First Reformed) of this city, Shown with Rev. Mr. Dykstra are Lewis Beck Sebring Jr., center, great-great-great grandson of Dr. Romeyn and donor of the family heirlooms; and Ellsworth Langdon, chairman of the historical committee of the church. In addition to the hour glass the gifts include the Beck Family Bible, open in front of Rev. Mr. Dykstra, an Ivory-headed cane; silhouettes of Dr. and Mrs. Homeyn; three silver coffee spoons and six dessert spoons, the gift of Dr. Romeyn to his bride; and a pair of gold cuff links. The items will be kept

and Ellsworth Langdon,

where the picture was taken, after a formal presentation at a special program on Feb. 8 at 7:30 p.m. at the church. The loose pages under the Bible are photostatic copies of the family record pages from the Bible containing the notation of Dr. Romeyn's death on April 16, 1804. (Gazette Photo-Ed Schultz)

First Reformed Church to Get Heirlooms From Romeyn Estate

By D. E. RITZ

Gazette Church Editor

Heirlooms from the estate of
Dominie Dirck Romeyn, eighth
minister of the Dutch Reformed
(First Reformed) Church of this
city and moving spirit in the
founding of Union College, will be
presented to the church by a
family representative, Lewis Beck
Sebring Jr., at a special program
on Feb. 8 at 7130 p.m.

*** THE MATERIAL

given to the church for use in its Dirck Romeyn room, set up as a part of the church renovation after the fire of 1948. These will be the first personal enomentoes of the former pastor for the room which was asmed for him. Included in the collection are paper cutout silhouettes of Rev. Dirck Romeyn and his wife, Mrs.

Elizabeth Brodhead Romeyn, in asparate folders as furnished by the silhouette artists of the perlod; the hour-giass used, according to family tradition, by Dr. Romeyn in his services and assumed to be the one used in his preaching at the Dutch Church in Schenectady from 1784 until 1804; a pair of gold cuff links, engraved with a fancy script "R"; a set of six large coin silver spoons and three silver coffee spoons, given by Dirck Romeyn to his bride at the time of their marriage in 1767; an lyony-headed used by Dr. Romeyn; the Beck family Bible, printed in Dordrecht, Netherlands, in 1741 and containing the notation of Dr. Romeyn's death on April 16, 1804, apparently written by his daughter, Catharine Theresa, who married Caleb Beck. Dr. Romeyn's death in 1804 ended his 20-year pastorate o Schenectady Dutch Church,

THE PAPER CUTOUT silhou-ettes of Dr. Romeyn and his wife are the only known likenesses

of them and are therefore price-less historically. The silhouettes are in oval paper frames, approximately three inches high and two and a half inches wide. Each is in the small paper folder used by silhouette artists of the period. silhouette artists of the period, probably the 1790's.

The Dirck Romeyn hour-glass was said to have been turned twice during the course of each sermon, given in Dutch until the latter part of Dr. Romeyn's musistry when some English began the course of the course of the course stands.

to be used. The glass stands seven inches in height and is four inches in diameter, is in excellent candition but does not contain candition but does not contain and. The hour glass probably rested, as was the custom of the period, on a small metal stand protruding from the high pulpit, within hand reach of the minister so that he could turn it easily and so the congrugation could time the securior. time the sermon. REV. J. DEAN DYKSTRA. confides present present day sermons usually last 20 minutes

The gold cuff links believed to be the ones used by Dr. Romeyn at the time of his desth, are small, of apparently very fine quality and are inscribed on each

link with a fancy script "R"

The coin silver spoons of what we now know as "inblespoon" size, sometimes also called "desert spoons," are engraved in a form of block.

sert spoons," are engraved in a form of block lettering with the initials "R," "D," and "E" in the form of a triangle on the back of each band. form of a tria

THE ITEMS listed above, the Bible, hour-glass, cuff links and silver spoons, rested for many years at the Van Cortlandi Ma-House at Croton-on-Hudson They were there probably from shortly after Dr. Romeyn's death in 1894 until the contents of the manor house were disposed of at

auction in 1941. The manor house has since been restored as an historic site by the Rockefeller family and is now open to the The articles were retained for some years following the auction by Mrs. Robert Prail Browns of

THE CANE never was in the Van Cortlandt Manor House but was for many years in the posses-sion of the Sebring family in this

Another cane belonging to Dr.

Another cane belonging to Dr. Romeyn, more pretentious and gold-headed, was presented by Mr. Sebring and his late father to Union College on the occasion of the 1938 Founders Day, and le now used as the College Mace, carried at the head of all Union College academic processions.

With the presentation of the Beck Bible to the First Reformed Church there will now be two Church there will now be two Bibles in this city recording both

Romeyn, One of the heirlooms presented to Union College during the Founders Day ceremony of 1938 was the Bible containing the inscription, in Dutch, of the birth of Dirck Romeyn on Jan, 12 (old style), 1744, in the hand-writing of his father, Class Ro-

ROMEYN was born DR. New Barbadoes (the present-day Hackensack), NJ; graduated 1765 from the College of P Jersey, now Princeton, University; and assumed his first charge in 1766, the ministry of the combined church of Marbletown, Rochester and Wawarsing in Ulster County, NY, a little

in Ulster County, NY, a little southwest of Kingston.

In April, 1776, he accepted a call to the churches of Hackensack and Schraalenburgh, NJ, and served there until coming to

the Dutch Church of Schenectady, was installed on the he where In first Sunday November ACTIVE IN the American became known to the British as The Rebel Parson" and a good

reward was offered by the British

for his capture. Several times during his New Jersey pastorate Dr. Romeyn's home was raided and at one time he only escaped capture by hiding behind a chimney in his home. After coming to this city inis Romeyn received the degree of doctor of divinity from Queen's College, In 1707 he was elected by

the General Synod of formed Dutch Church as one of their professors of theology and it was apparently in conection with this that he received the degree of Doctor of Sacred Theol-THE LATTER years of

Romeyn's pastorate here were marked by discussion, at times reaching the stage of controversy, over the language in which church services were to be ducted. Dutch, as they siv siways had been, or English, which, even in the Dutch community of Schenectady, was coming into more

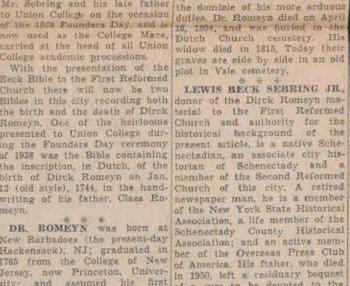
Port Washington, LI, a descendent of Dirok Romeyn who turned them over to the present donor in 1959. Lewis Beck Sebring Jr., a descendant in the Beck family line, is a great-greatgreat-greatgreat-grands of Dirok Romeyn.

naturally.

In 1801 Dr. Domeyn suffered an attack of palsy, which for a time made it impossible for him to preach, though he was able to continue with many of his pastoral and official duties. An associate minister was engaged by the church in 1803 relieving the dominie of his more arduous duties. Dr. Romeyn died on April 16, 1804, and was buried in the Dutch Church cemetary. His widow died in 1813, Today (heir graves are side by side in an old plot in Vale cemetery.

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the to Church and authority for the historical background of the of a sum to be devoted to the furnishing of the Dirck Romey's room of the First Reformed





CLASS OF 1797

THOMAS ROMEYN

Rev. Thomas Romeyn, Amsterdam, Montgomery Co., N. Y., Aug. 9, ac. 80.

"To those who can appreciate the blessings of a godly lineage, it will be interesting to state that the ancestors of Mr. Romeyn fled from their native country during the persecutions of Louis XIV., leaving all their effects behind them. Of the Romeyns who thus sought voluntary exile in poverty rather than surrender their Protestant faith, there were three brothers, one of whom went to England, and was the ancestor of the celebrated Wm. Romaine, the author of the excellent works upon 'The Walk,' 'The Life,' and 'The Triumph of Faith.' The other two went to the Dutch West India Islands, or to the Brazils in South America. One died soon after. The survivor (who was the ancestor of the subject of this notice, and of the large family of the same name, so long connected with the ministry of the Reformed Dutch church) subsequently came to New Yirk, and afterwards located himself at Communipaw, N. J.

"The father of the late Rev. Thomas Romeyn had two half brothers, John and Theodorick. The former was the father of the Rev. Jeremiah Romeyn, who, in 1804, was appointed professor of the Hebrew language, by the general synod. The latter, Rev. Dr. Theodorick Romeyn, was also a professor of theology in the Reformed Dutch church, from 1797 until his death in 1804, and for many years was the pastor of the church in Schenectady. He was the father of the late Rev. John B. Romeyn, D.D., the eloquent pastor of the Presbyterian church in New York city.

"The Rev. Thomas Romeyn, Sr., was the first Low Dutch minister who was settled west of Schenectady, which was then a frontier town. His extensive field of labor, which embraced large portions of what are now Fulton and Montgomery counties, surrounding the church at Caughnawaga, (now Fonda,) called him to the discharge of many difficult, fatiguing, and often dangerous duties. He closed his long ministry of 40 years Oct. 25, 1794. His pastorate at Caughnawaga continued 24 years, and his remains lie buried beneath the church and in front of the pulpit from which he had so long 'preached Christ and him crucified.'

"Of his seven sons, three became ministers in the service of the Reformed Dutch church, viz., Theodore Frelinghuysen, James Van Campen, and Thomas, who was the youngest of the family, and the last who died. A fourth son, Benjamin, died during his studies preparatory to the same holy office. Without pausing to recite interesting facts in relation to the other members of this ministerial family, we return to the subject of this record.

"Born at Caughnawaga, Feb. 22, 1777, Thomas Romeyn received his preparatory education at Schenectady, graduated at Williams College, Sept., 1796, studied theology with Dr. Theodorick Romeyn at Schenectady, and was examined and licensed to preach the gospel by the classis of Albany, in Sept., 1798. He was ordained in the church at

Remsenbush (now Florida, Montgomery Co., N. Y.) in 1800, and continued in the relation of minister of that church and the Second Church of Schenectady (now Rotterdam) until Feb. 22, 1806. From thence he removed to the churches of Amity and Niskayuna, and remained in their service until 1027, when, in consequence of a failure of his health, he resigned his charge, and removed to the town of Amsterdam, where he resided among his children until his death.

"Nature had endowed him with a majestic frame, and his dignified personal appearance was calculated to impress those who met
him for the first time with--what those who knew him well always
felt--the grave demeanor and the reverend aspect of a noble and
venerable man. His words were weighty and his opinions carefully
guarded. His understanding was one of masculine vigor. He dealt
with principles, and jealously guarded their maintenance and application. The word of God was to him an authoritative book. His
preaching was eminently scriptural and experimental, and aimed at
tracing the way of the Spirit in the life of God in the sould of
man. His peaceful spirit forbade his becoming a controversialist
in or out of the pulpit; nor did he ever descend to the unworthy
artifices which mark the mere pulpit declaimer or scold.

"He loved to exhibit 'the good old way,' and was always listened to with respect for his consistency and integrity, while, by his clear and conclusive demonstrations and applications of truth, he 'edified the body of Christ.'

"Mr. R. was a careful student and observer of the constitution and order of our Reformed church. We doubt whether he has left his equal as an expounder and defender of our ecclesiastical system. His views were generally far-reaching, sagacious, accurate, and consistent, and the classis and synod always honored his opinions with respect and high consideration.

"His attainments were respectable, and his reading was carefully digested and stored for use. He was not an orator, nor did he aim at the graces of composition which might have well furnished his often ponderous thoughts. Yet without these valuable accessories, he could enchain an appreciative audience by his solemn and calm earnestness, his logical argument, and his forcible appeal. The records of his long ministry will never be fully made up in this world. For nearly 60 years he had worn its robes of office and had kept them unspotted from the world. Long after he had ceased to be an active pastor, he used to preach occasionally as his health permitted, and when this was forbidden by great bodily infirmities, he was still the wise counsellor and friend of ministers and churches, who loved to look up to him as 'a father in Israel.'

"The closing scenes of his life were characteristic of the man. Never, for a moment, did his Christian assurance waver or fail him; for he 'knew whom he had believed, and was persuaded that he was able to keep that which he had committed to him against that day.' His more than fourscore years were crowned by a happy

death, and his faithful service and patient suffering were ended in the consummation of a glorious hope. "--Christian Intelligencer.

Annual Obituary Notices pp. 301-302 Crosby Vol. I 1857

DESCENDANT OF REV. THOMAS ROMEYN TO PREACH IN FONDA

Great Great Grandson of the First Stated Pastor of the Old Caughnawaga Church to Occupy Pulpit of the Reformed Crurch.

The residents of Fonda and locality are anticipating with much pleasure the coming of the Rev. Dr. Rockwell Harmon Potter as guest preached to the Reformed church for the morning service on Sunday, May 10. Dr. Potter is Dean of the Hartford Theological Seminary, at Hartford, Conn., and is a great great grandson of the Rev. Thomas Romeyn, the first stated pastor of the church when it was known as the Low Dutch Church of Caughnawaga then located in the east section of Fonda where the residence of William Weeper is now located. Dr. Potter comes to Flonda to speak from the pulpit of this church in memory of his great great grandfather.

The Rev. Thomas Romeyn was born at Pompton, N. J., March 20, 1729! He graduated from Princeton in 1750 going from there to Amsterdam, Holland where he was licensed to preach and ordained by the Classis of Amsterdam September 2, 1753. For his ordination sermon he preached from I Cor. 3:17, "For the temple of God is holy, which temple ye are." He was installed as pastor at Jamaica, Queens County, N. Y. Oct. 19, 1754.

He came to Caughnawaga in the autumn of 1771 from the congregations at Minisink, Mabackemeck and Walpeck and served here as pastor for twenty two years. His pastorate was an interesting and eventful one especially during the Revolutionary war when the valley was raided by Loyalists and Indians and every building burned except the Caughnawaga church. This was spared because it was thought to stand on land belonging to the Butlers.

The Rev. Romeyn was the first settled minister of any denomination in the state west of Schenectady. The earliest document preserved is part of a subscription list for his salary from 1772 to 1773 which is to be paid twice a year. Another subscription list; dated July 24, 1790, refers to the Rev. Romeyn's failing strength and calls for an assistant pastor. This is signed by eighty-eight persons who promise "to promote the public worship of God, to better accommodate strangers and persons unacquainted with the Dutch language by having the assistant preach in both Dutch and English alternately on the north and south sides of the Mohawk river in proportion to the sums subscribed by the resident. There is no evidence that an assistant was ever called. The orginal records of the church in the Dutch language have been preserved, but transcribed copies have been made.

Dr. Dirck Romeyn, a brother of the Rev. Thomas Romeyn, while pastor of the Dutch Reformed Church in Schenectady, founded Union College, and Thomas, son of Rev. Thomas Romeyn was a member of the first class at Union college in 1797, later becoming the pastor of the Florida Reformed church from 1800 to 1806. There have been nineteen descendants of the Romeyn family in the ministry.

The Rev. Thomac Romeyn died Oct. 23, 1794, buried the 25 do, the Rev. Dr. Thomas Romeyn, aged 65 years, 7 months; was 40 years a faithful servant of Christ and served for 22 years the congregation at Cagnawagha where he has been buried in the church. Text: Malachi 4:2."

A tablet in the Fonda Reformed church commemorated his memory and says of him: "A man of God—thoroughly furnished unto all good works. The memory of the just is blessed."

St. Johnsville Enterprise & News May 13, 1936. idnet graduate

Romeyn, Thomas, b. at Caughnawaga, 1777, (s. of Thes. Romeyn;) U.C. 1797, studied under D. Romeyn, l. Cl. Albany, 1798; Florida, 1800-6, Niskayuna and Amity, 1806-27, w. c. 1827-57, d.

Nature had endowed him with a majestic frame, and his dignified personal appearance was calculated to impress those who met him. His words were weighty, and his opinions carefully guarded. In business afairs he was scrupulously just and honest. He could indulge in a quiet lumor which amused the social circle, or gave inimitable point to some keen reflection. Never boisterous nor violent, his genial spirit flowed like a peaceful river. He was fixed in his views, and calmly self-possessed in maintaining them; a thoughtful, reflecting man, he was seldom or never taken by surprise. Neither in personal affairs nor in the councils of the Church did he display the hurried manner and action which betokened impulse without deliberation. His understanding was one of masculine vigor. He dealt with principles, and jealously guarded their maintenance and application. His preaching was eminently scriptural and experimental. His peaceful spirit would not allow him to indulge in controversy. He was a careful student and observer of the constitution and order of the Church. His views were generally far-reaching, sagacious, accurate, and consistent. His orinions were always treated with the highest respect and consideration. His attainments Were respectable, and his reading was carefully digested and stered for use. He was not an orator, nor did he aim at the graces of compositon; yet he could enchain an audience by his solemn and calm earnestness, his logical argument, and his forcible appeal. In 1827 he was obliged to resign pastoral duties, because of failure in health. In 1843 he met with a fall, which Crippled him for the rest of his life .- Mag. R. D. C. i. 301.

Publishern: "A charge to Ker. Jas. Murphy, Glenville."

"May R.D.C." i. 30!

Courses Manual of Africo Ocharch witam. p. 690.

CLASS OF 1797

THOMAS ROMEYN

in 1806 the two congregations, Niskaynua and Amity, united in calling Rev. Thomas Romeyn, He was paster of the joint charge for 21 years, from 1806 to 1827. Up to the beginning of his mervice ministry the servive had been all in Dutch. He began preaching alternately in Dutch and English.

Reformed Church at Niskayuna

Hist.of the County of Schenectady p. 197 Howell & Munsell

CLASS OF 1797

THOMAS ROMEYN

Born February 22, 1777.
Married Ann Staley, February 1, 1801.
Died August 9, 1851.

From Bible of Miss Julia Van Wormer, R. D. 6, Amsterdam, June 1, 1920.

*THOMAS ROMEYN.

Born at Caughnawaga, N. Y., 1777. Son of Rev. Thomas Romeyn (1729-94). In class of 1797, Union. Studied under Dr. Romeyn. Licensed by Classis of Albany, 1798. Florida, 1800-06. Niskayuna and Amity, 1806-27. Died, 1855.

From: n. B. Sheol. Lem. Cat 1784-1911.

ucstaf 1797 romeyn_T_ 00012

Biographical Hotse 1. Rowlyn Direk (Theodoric) 3 D.D., 5.7. P. (1744-1804) was brother Feet Los, Romeyn Sr. (1729-1794), whose Sou, 1797 Musa Romeyn mas a 2. Direk Roweyn's souin-law was Tacob Schoonwaker 5. T.D. WHOS Sou, Martuil Schoonings (1816-1899) was a Union 1839 man. From: W.n. P. Dailey '84 March 21, 1932

"Rev. Thomas Rowlyn-GrockEr of Dirck Kowege - had three Sons! (a) Theodore 4 (1760-1784) (6) Tames Van Carefer (1765-1840) graduated from thudy. Acadery (c) Thomas (at 1777-1857) Their 1797 -- and one grand Son; Tames Romegn (1797-1859)and 4 great grand Sous: (a) Theodore B. Rowegn (1827-1885) (6) Wru. J. R. Taylor (Schudylof Ch., 1849 - 1852) (c) James Rowego Berry (1827-1891) (d) 4 raublin M. Zabriskid 1832-1891 all Ministers in Reformed Church - in Romeyn

The Rev. Thomas Romeyn, Jr. 1777-1857 FN-412-A (5-38)

REV. THOMAS ROMEYN, JR. Minister at the Dutch Reformed Church of Amity (Visschers Ferry) and Niskeyuna, N. Y. 1806-1827

Howard I. Becker
Town Historian
Clifton Park
Saratoga County, H.Y.
-1943-

The early records of the Dutch Reformed Church of Amity (Visschers Ferry) are in good order due to the business-like manner in which the Rev. Thomas Romeyn, its first regular minister, supervised his charge, and the sincerity of its early members. Very few, if any, of the present generation have realized that this little church, along with the Miskayune Reformed Church, had such a remarkable minister and one who spent so many years in this community.

Thomas Romeyn, Jr. was born at Gaughnawaga (Fonda), N.Y. 1777, during the Revolutionary War; his father Thomas Romeyn, Sr. was Minister of the Reformed Church at Fonda. He was born at Pompton, N. J., 1729 and was graduated from the College of New Jersey (Now Princeton) in 1750, and I wanted to preach in Amsterdam, Holland in 1753, was installed at Jewies, Queens County, N. Y. in 1754 and came to Fonda in 1771, ofter preaching at Minisink, Mabackemeck, and Walpeck.

It is said that this church in Fonda was the only building not burned by the Tories and Indians because it was thought that John Sutler owned the land it was on.

Thomas Romeyn, Jr. studied for the ministry under his uncle Dirck Romeyn, Minister at the First Reformed Church in Schenectady, and later one of the leading figures in starting Union College where Thomas, Jr. attended its first class in 170%. In 1801 he married Ann Staley. The obituary notices appearing immediately after his death and copied below are, no doubt, an accurate description of this remarkable man.

"Rev. Thomas Romeyn, Amsterdam, Montgomery Co., N. Y., Aug. 9, ac. 80.

lineage, it will be interesting to state that the ancestors of Mr. Romeyn fled from their native country during the persention of Louis XIV., leaving all their effects behind them. (If the Romeyns who thus sought voluntary exile in reverty rather than surrender their Protestant faith, there were three arcthors, one of whom went to England, and was the anacator of the celebrated Wm. Romaine, the author of the excellent works upon the Walk, 'The Life,' and 'The Triumph of Faith.' The other two went to the Dutch West Indies Islands, or to the Brazile in South America. One died soon after. The survivor (who was the encestor of the subject of this notice, and of the large family of the same name, so long connected with the ministry of the Reformed Dutch Church) subsequently came to New York, and afterwards located himself at Communipay, N. J.

The father of the late Rev. Thomas Romeyn had two half brothers, John and Theodorick. The former was the father of the Rev. Jeremiah Romeyn, who, in 1804, was appointed professor of the Hebrew language, by the general synod. The latter, Rev. Dr. Theodorick Romeyn, was also a professor of theology in the Reformed Dutch church, from 1797 until his death in 1804, and for many years was the pastor of the church in Schenectady. He was the father of the late Rev. John B Romeyn, D.D. the eloquent pastor of the Presbyterian Church in New York City.

"The Rev. Thomas Romeyn, Sr., was the first low Dutch minister who was settled west of Schenectady, which was then a frontier town. His extensive field of labor, which embraced large portions of what is now Fulton and Montgomery counties, surrounding the church at Caughnawage, (new Fonda) called him to the discharge of many difficult, fatining, and often dangerous duties. He closed his long ministry of 40 years, October 25, 1794. His pastorate at Caughnawage continued 24 years, and his remains lie buried beneath the church and in front of the pulpit from which he had so long; preached Christ and him crucified."

of the Reformed Dutch Church, viz., Theodore Frelinghuymen,
James Van Campen, and Thomas, who was the youngest of the
family, and the last who died. A fourth son, Benjamin died
during his studies preparatory to the same holy office. Without
pausing to recite interesting facts in relation to the other
members of this ministerial family, we return to the subject of
this record.

"Born at Caughnawaga, Feb. 22, 1777, Thomas Romayn received his prejaratory education at Schenactady, graduated at Williams College, Sept. 1796, studied theology with Dr. Theodorick Romeyn at Schenectady, and was examined and lineased to greath the gospel by the classis of Albany, in September, 1798. He was ordained in the church at Remsenbush (now Florida, Montgomary Co., N. Y.) in 1800, and continued in the relation of minister of that church and the Second Church of Schenectady (now Rotterdam) until Feb. 22, 1806. From thomas he removed to the churches of Amity and Niskayuna, and remained in their service until 1827, when, in consequence of a failure of his health, he resigned his charge, and removed to the town of Amsterdam, where he resided among his children until his death.

dignified personal appearance was calculated to impress those who not him for the first time with -- what those who knew him well always felt--the grave demeanor and the reverend aspect of a noble and venerable man. His words were weighty and his

opinions carefully guarded. His understanding was one of masculine vigor. He dealt with principles and justously guarded their maintenance and application. The word of God was to him an authoritative book. His preaching was eminently scriptural and experimental, and aimed at tracing the way of the Spirit 'in the life of God in the souls of man.' His peaceful spirit forbace his becoming a controversialist in or out of the pulpit; nor did he ever descend to the unworthy artifices which mark the more pulpit declaimer or scold.

"He loved to exhibit 'the good old way,' and was always listened to with respect for his consistency and integrity, while, by his clear and conclusive demonstrations and applications of truth, he 'edified the body of Christ.'

onstitution and order of our Reformed church. To fount whether has left his equal as an expounder and defender of our ecolesisation system. His views were generally far-result, namedous, count and consistent, and the classis and synod always have red him opinions with respect and high consideration.

carefully digested and stored for use. He was not an crator, nor did he aim at the graces of composition which might have well furnished his often ponderous thoughts. Yet without these volumble accessories, he could enchain an appreciative audience by his solemn and calm sernestness, his logical argument, and his forcible appeal. The records of his long ministry will never be fully made up in this world. For nearly 60 years he had worn its robes of office and mad kept them unspotted from the world. Long after he had ceased to be an active paster, he used to preach occasionally as his health permitted, and when this was forbidden by great bodily infirmities, he was still the wise councellor and friend of ministers and churches, who loved to look up to him as 'a father in Israel.'

"The closing scenes of his life were characteristic of the man. Never, for a moment, did his Christian essurance waver or fail him; for he 'knew whom he had believed, and was persunded that he was able to keep that which he had consisted to him against that day.' His more than fourseore vacus were crowned by a happy death, and his faithful service and pathous affecting were ended in the consummation of a glorious happ."--- Christian Intelligences.

Annual Obituary Notices pp. 301-302 Crosby Vol. 1 1857 "Romeyn, Thomas, b. at Caughnawaga, 1777 (s. of Thos. Remeyn); U.C. 1797, studied under D. Rómeyn, 1. Cl. Albany, 1798; Florida, 1800-6, Niskayuna and Amity, 1806-27, w.c. 1827-57, d.

"Nature had endowed him with a majestic frame, and his dignified personal appearance was calculated to impress those who met him. His words were weighty, and his opinions carefully guarded. In business effairs he was scrupulously just and houset. He could indulge in a quiet humor which amused the social circle, or gave inimitable point to some keen reflection. Never boisterous nor violent, his genial spirit flowed like a peaceful river. He was fixed in his views, and calmly self-possessed in maintaining them; a thoughtful reflecting man, he was soldon or never taken by surprise. Neither in personal affairs nor in the councils of the church did he display the hurried manner and action which betokened impulse without deliberation. His understanding was one of masculine vigor. He dealt with principles, and jealously guarded their maintenance and application. His preaching was eminently scriptural and exportmental. His peaceful spirit would not allow him to indulae in controversy. He was a careful student and observer of the constitution and order of the Church. His views were generally far-reaching; sagacious, accurate and consistent. His ofinious were sivaya treated with the highest respect and consideration. His attainments were respectable, and his reading was carefully digested and stored for use. He was not an orator, nor did he aim at the graces of composition; yet he could enchalm an audience by his solemn and calm earnestness, his logical argument, and his forcible appeal. In 1827 he was obliged to resign pastorel duties, because of failure of health. In 1843 he not with a fall, which crippled him for the rest of his life .-- "Mag. R.D.C." 1. 301.

PUBLICATION: "A Charge to Rev. Jas. Marphy, Glonville." 1826. "Mag. R.D.C., " 1. 301. "

There is nothing to show that Thomas Romeyn lived in the personage at Amity, while he preached in the two churches, but the early records show that his children born between 1807 and 1821 were recorded and baptized at Amity, and this, with the references to repairs to the parsonage, would make it appear that he lived at Amity and probably he preached codesionally at the North Church, located near Dr. Cooper's Corners, and very briefly referred to in the church records as being sold for the lumber in the Civil War days.

No doubt there were children born between 1800 and 1806 to Thomas Romeyn and Ann Staley Romeyn while they were located at their first charge in Minaville or Remsenbush, and records of these can probably be located in Montgomery County. Following is a list of their children born at Amity:

Susannah Mariah Thomas Rachel Ann Benjamin James Elenor Harriet Stafford July 1, 1807 May 7, 1810 March 23, 1814 Jan. 13, 1816 Sept. 10, 1019 Dec. 5, 1821

The following has been copied from "Contributions of the Town of Glennville", by Fercy M. Van Epps, Town Historian, and will enlighten us on the work Rev. Thomas Remeyn, Jr. did on his first charge from 1800 to 1806. It appears that the date 1808 is semewhat in error as the Amity Church has pretty definite records showing that he started there in 1806, but it is quite possible that special visits had been made for baptisms. It is interesting to note that old maps show several families by the name of Staley living in the Town of Glenville near the first location of the 2nd Reformed Church at Veeder's Ferry (Hoffmans). According to the church records between 1800 and 1806, there were members by the name of Staley and it is quite possible that Rev. Romeyn first met his wife at this church as he was only twenty-three when he started here.

CHURCH AT WOESTINA

"In Hoffmans a road leaves the Mohawk Turnpike, opposite the New York Central Railroad Station, which, climbing the hillside, thence passing through the picturesque Wolf Hollow, thus reaches the village of Glenville, On a small level area at the top of the first steep grade, and but a few hundred feet from the Mohawk Turnpike, there stood the first church built in the Town of Glenville. Here, on the east side of the road, a marker will be placed, bearing this inscription:

FIRST CHURCH
IN GLENVILLE
BUILT 1785. HERE STOOD THE
"CHURCH AT THE WOESTINA"
(CHURCH IN THE WILDERNESS)
REMOVED TO ROTTERDAM, 1812

Built about 1785 by the combined efforts of a few Dutch families living on both sides of the Mohawk, but mainly on the south side, as we may infer from family names found in an early record book of the church; and perhaps with some financial help from the mother church in Schenectady, here this old Dutch Reformed church edifice stood for nearly thirty years. Then, most of its members and supporters living on the opposite side of the river, the church building was dismantled, and its timbers drawn across the river on the ice, and re-erected just two miles below the present village of Pattersonville. Its pews, its pulpit, the stairs and supporting pillars of its gallery, all were utilized in the reconstructed edifice, which stood with some little alteration and repair until burned to the ground in the summer of 1935.

No record has yet been found of the exact year when the church edifice was removed, but it evidently was in the early years of the second decade of the 19th century. However, the records do show that the church as rebuilt was, for want of funds, still in an uncompleted state as late as the year 1817.

At the period of the building of this church at Hoffmans and for over a century before, or from the time of the very first settlement of Schenectady, all the immediate region westward and on both sides of the Mohawk River was known to the Dutch as the Woestina (the Wilderness).

Deserted by the redman for hundreds of years—a border land between the warring Mohawks, whose nearest villages were some twenty miles up the river, and the Algonkian nations of the Valley of the Hudson and New England, this portion of the lower Mohawk Valley, threaded, of course, by various Indian footpaths, remained a true Wilderness until long after the Dutch had built their homes in Schenectady. Then, just before the close of the 17th century, a few pioneer families from Albany and Schenectady penetrated and established their homes along both the south and the north banks of the river. On and over the bordering hills, the Touareuna and its opposing peak, the Yantapuchaperg, the region remained an almost unknown wilderness for nearly a century longer.

Thus, while the official title given the church at Hoffmans (then Vedders Ferry) was, "The Second Reformed Dutch
Church of the Township of Schenectady."—the Mother church
in Schenectady, of course, the "First"—yet this outlying
church was always known and spoken of as "The Church at the
Woestina"; even after its removal and establishment on the
south side of the river, and, indeed, is yet known by that
familiar name today.

A record book of the church-the only early one known-used this quaint and characteristic name: "The Woesting Church Records, began under the ministry of the Rev. Thomas Romeyn, Vol. 1, Anno Domini, 1800." In this old book Domine Romeyn has, so he writes, transcribed consistorial records dating back to July, 1798. No records prior to this year can be found.

For the first few years there was no settled pastors at the Woestina Church. Freaching service was likely held only at infrequent times. In the year 1800, however, the Rev. Thomas Romeyn, was given a joint call at three churches:-

"The Churches of Jesus Christ, at the Woestina in the City of Schenectedy, and at Ramsensbush and Duanesbourgh." This call he accepted, preaching, no doubt, in rotation at these three churches. Thus, apparently, service was still held intermittently at the Woestina Church.

The name Remsenbush, as given in Domine Romeyn's record should have been spelled Remsensbush. This was a church that stood on a bleak hillside some two miles east of Minaville, Montgomery County. All trace of this church is gone. Its cemetery, however, still remains across the highway from the site of the church. This burial ground is now nicely fenced and cared for by the Town of Florida. The Rev. Thomas Romeyn preached in the Woestina Church until 1808, possibly until 1810, as we learn from the baptismal records. These records of baptism, beginning August 24, 1800, are seemingly uninter-rupted till June 17, 1837. This old "Church at the Woestina" seems to have been a favorite place to bring children for baptism. Even after its removal to Rotterdam, as we can infer from a study of the family names in its records. They were brought from both up and down the river, and on either side, and even from over the hills in the hinterland. From Scotia came "Yate, a black man," slave of the Glens, with his children. This was Yat, the fiddler, spoken of on pages 100-104 of the Contributions.

Domine Romeyn of the Woestina Church was the sen of the Rev. Thomas Romeyn and Margarita Frelinghtysen, both of New Jersey. He was born in 1777 at Caughnawaga, (now Fonda) Montagomery County, N. Y.---then Tryon County. Or, as it is recorded in the family Bible, in the handwriting of Thomas, the elder, "Feb'y 22, 1777. Is myn Sevende Soon Geboren, doopte Ik hem met de naam van Thomas." This Bible is now in the possession of Thomas Romeyn of the Town of Amsterdam, a great-great-gread-son; the fifth in direct line bearing the name, Thomas."

It would appear from Rev. Romeyn's background, his methods of keeping records and organizing ability that had he been a large community his name would be as famous as his Uncle Direk's. The systematic recordings at Veeder's Ferry or the Rotterdam Church stopped when he left in 1806, and also at the Amity Church in 1827. As an example of the interest in his work, the following has been copied from his early notebooks at the Amity Reformed Church.

"Records of the Cent Society
of the
Congregation of Amity
for the sid of the
Theological College
of the
Reformed Dutch Church
in
North America, 1817

Constitution
Of the Cent Society of the Congregation of Amity

Deeply impressed with the importance of having the Reformed Dutch churches supplied with an able and faithful minister, satisfied that this cannot be done without the aid of a well-conducted Theological College, and desirous of contributing our mite to so important an object, We, the subscribers, agree to form ourselves into a society for this purpose and adopt the following constitution:

Article 1st This society shall be known and distinguished by the name of the Cent Society of the Congregation of Amity in aid of the Theological College of the Reformed Dutch Church.

- Art. 2 Every person subscribing one cent per week shall be a member of this society.
- Art. 3 The subscription shall be paid once in every six months.
- Art. 4 The officers of the society shall consist of a President, two Vice-presidents, Treasurer, Secretary, seven managers end four collectors who shall be chosen annually and constitute the Board of Direction.
- Art. 5 The annual meeting for the election of officers shall take place on the first Monday of Movember at such time and place as the board of direction shall appoint.
- Art. 6 The monies collected shall be transmitted once in six months to the treasurer of General Synod and be at the disposal of that body for the support of the Theological College,
- Art. 7 The board of direction shall meet quarterly on the last Monday of January, April, July and October, and five shall be the quorum for the transaction of business.
- Art. 8 Special meetings of the society shall be convened at the request of five members.

Catalog of the Members of the Cent Society

Thomas Romeyn Daniel F. Fort John Pearse William Bell Cornelius Hermance Nicholas Fort John D. Fort Cornelius Hagerman John E. Vischer Nicholas E. Vischer James Welden Michiel Welden Tunis Cregeir Ebenezer Sloot Francis Vischer Jacob T. Harder Nicholas Vischer Samuel Tubbs William Clow Abraham Best Joseph Almont

John B. Miller Geradus VanDenBergh Joseph Fowler Catherine Irish Magerit Hagerman Elizabeth Theilhimer Rachel Pearse Cetty Folwider Meria Folwider Ann Romeyn Mary Volwider Metilda Thailbiner Alida Volwider Barbare Volwider Maria Vincher Manning N. Vischer Marie Wort Micholas E. Van Vrankan

OFFICERS OF THE SOCIETY FOR THE YEAR 1817-1818

At the organization of the Society in December, 1817, the following persons were chosen as officers:-

Rev. Thomas Romeyn John E. Vischer John B. Miller Tunis Cregeir James Welden

Collectors: John D. Fort
Michiel Welden
Gerardus VanDenBergh
Nicholas E. Vischer

President
lst Vice Pres.
2nd Vice Pres.
Secretary
Treasurer

Managers Ebenezer Sloot
Francis Vischer
Jacob Volwider
Nicholas Vischer
Cornelius Hagerman
William Clou
William Bell

The society adjourned to meet on the third of January in the Amity Church at 12 o'clock.

January 34d, 1818 - The Cent Society of the congregation of Amity met at the church according to adjournment and after a solemn address to the throne of grace, the unfinished business of the meeting, when the society was organized, was attended to, to wit, the choice of seven managers and the following resolves were passed.

Resolved: - That when any special meeting of the society be called, public notice of such meeting shall be given from the pulpit.

Resolved: - That the Rev. Thomas Romayn and Mesers. John B. Miller and Ebenezer Sloot be, and hereby are, appointed a committee to digest and draft a set of by-laws for the regulation of the society for adoption at their annual or first special meeting.

Resolved: That the Society date, its commencement from the first day of January, 1818.

Resolved: - That the secretary procure a blank book in which to enter the constitution and the minutes of the society. The meeting adjourned to the constitutional term -

Signed per order -

Thomas Romeyn, President

This book is now in possession of the church and the above recordings were apparently written up in the new book as per resolution. It is all in handwriting of Rev. Thomas Romeyn.

Apparently the Cent Society was not a success as the next year an elaborate organization was set up and called the "Theological Association of the Reformed Dutch Church of Amity", and is recorded in the same book as follows: - no further reference has been made to the Cent Society.

"The Subscribers feeling the importance of correct theological knowledge and desirous to promote the interest of the Redeemers Kingdom, by the dissimination of sound doctrine and practical divinity, do resolve to form and constitute a theological association and to this end adopt the following: -

Constitution

- Art 1st This association shall be utiled the Theological Association of the Reformed Dutch Church of Amity.
 - 2nd Every person who shall pay the sum of one dollar and the further sum of twenty-five cents annually shall be a member.
 - 3rd The officers of this association shall be a first director, Treasurer, Secretary, and two managers who shall constitute the Board of Direction and whose duty it shall be to arrange the plans, promote the interest and collect the dues of the association.
 - 4th The monies collected and which may from time to time come into the Treasury, shall be falthfully applied to the procuring and purchasing of theological tracts and books of otherdox characters according to standards of the Reformed Church and as may (be) deemed the best calculated to promote practical godliness.
 - oks and tracts that may come into his hands for the association and at every stated meeting present an exhibit of the state of the library and elso to land and let out books for the use of the members as he may from time to time be directed by the board of direction.

- 6th No purchase of books or tracts to be made but with the advice and recommendation of at least two members who shall be members in full communion of the Reformed Dutch Church.
- 7th When three or more of the members with other in their neighborhood shall form themselves into reading societies to mest at least once a month and report themselves to the Librarian as such they shall have the preference in the choice of a book before any private member for his own private use.
- 8th The treasurer shall be accountable to the board of direction for all monies that may come into his hands and present an exhibit for the information of the members, of the state of the funds in its receipts and disbursements at every annual meeting of association.
- 9th Every member taking a book shall be accountable to the librarian for its safe return unless lost by an act of God.
- 10th The association shall hold an annual meeting on the first Saturday in March in every year to elect officers and transact such other business as may offer itself.
- 11th An extra meeting of the essociation may be called by the board of direction at the request of two of its members.
- 12th Any number of the members assembled in regular meeting shall constitute a quorum to elect officers and do any other business belonging to the association.
- 13th The officers and members will endeavor to promote their own and each others religious improvement by exercising a Christian watchfulness over themselves and each other and cultivating a tender and gospel spirit.
- 14th The Board of direction shall have power to regulate the time of their own meetings:

Subscribers: -

Rev. Thomas Romeyn Henry Thallhimmer William Bell James Welden Tunis Cregier Abraham Best Jacob T. Harder William Clow Jacob Volwider Sarah Fowler Joseph Fowler
Eldert Vischer
John D. Fort
Ebenezer Slott
Adam G. VanVranken
John B. Miller
Joseph Almond
Cornelius Hegarman
Francis Visscher
Cornelius Hermans
Gerrit G. Van Vranken

Esther Fort
Samuel uemen
John Clute
Tobias Van Deusen
Barbara Burns
Nicholas Visscher
Rev. John McKelvey
Eloist Van Vranken
Smiton Trish

At a meeting of the Board of Direction of the Theological Association of Amity on the 16th of January, 1819, when the following resolutions as by-laws of the association were agreed to:

- 1st That the shares of said association be transferable.
- 2nd That no books be out longer than six weeks unless to real members as reside over two miles from the librarian who may keep a book eight weeks, and reading societies three months; but all books to be returned on the day of the annual meeting.
- 3rd That for neglect for not returning a book et the stated times, such members shall be subject to a fine of six cents.
- 4th That for each leaf turned down a fine of one cent and for grease spots and torn leaves from one to six cents according to the damage sustained, which shall be determined by the librarian.

The board then resolved that the above resolutions be submitted to the members of the association for their approbation and when approved-of, to become the by-laws of said association.

Resolved also that the Rev. Thomas Romeyn and John B. Miller be a committee to purchase the books.

At a meeting of the members of the Theological Association of the Reformed Dutch Church of Amity on the third Thursday of October, 1819 when Tunis Cregier was elected First Director.

Cerrit G. Van Vranken, Treasurer John B. Miller, Secretary Ebenezer Sloot, Manager Francis Visscher, Manager

The meeting then appointed the Rev. Thomas Romeyn and John B. Miller a committee to produce books.

Nine members attended; closed with prayer

Tunis Cregier 1st director John B. Miller 2nd director

At a meeting of the members of the Theological Association of the Reformed Dutch Church of Amity on the third Thursday of October, 1921 the following persons were re-slected

> Tunis Cregier lat Director Gerrit G. Van Vranken Treasurer John B. Miller Secretary Francis Visscher Managers Ebenezer Sloot

The meeting then appointed the Rev. Thomas Remeyn and John B. Miller a committee to procure books.

It was resolved that Messrs. Cornelius Hegerman and Jacob Harder be a committee to examine into the state of the library and report to the Board at their first meeting. At a meeting of the Theological Association of the Reformed Church of Amity on Wednesday the 25th of December, 1822.

When the Rev. Thomas Romeyn was chosen First Director

Tunis Cregier
John B. Miller
Francis Visscher
William Bell

Treasurer Secretary Manager

Resolved that the Rev. Thomas Romeyn and J. B. Miller be a committee to purchase books.

Rescived also that all those who do not pay up their installments that may be due on their respective shares by the first day of February next shall be de-barred from the use of the association until such installments be paid up. December 25, 1823

The Theological Association met and the meeting was opened by prayer when Cornelius Hegaman was chosen First Director.

> Tunis Cregier Treasurer John B. Miller Secretary Francis Visscher Managor William Bell ' Manager

John B. Miller being absent resolved that Mr. Jacob Volwider be secretary pro.tem.

Resolved that Messrs, John B. Miller and Tunis Crogler be and hereby are appointed a committee to buy books.

December 23rd, 1824:

The Theological Association of the Reformed Dutch Church of Amity met at the church. The meeting was opened by preyer.

The First Director, Mr. Hegeman, being absent the Rev. Thomas Romeyn was chosen chairman of the meeting. The stated time of the annual meeting having elapsed it was resolved that the meeting proceed to the election of officers. A motion made and seconded the officers of last year were elected.

Whereas the state of the association has for some time past been partially attended to. Therefore resolved: that the several sums due the association be collected and that the Ray. Thomas Romeyn, Tunis Cregier and John B. Miller be and hereby are appointed a committee to purchase books without delay and that any two of the said committee be authorized to make the purchase.

Resolved that Tunis Cregier, Garrit G. Van Vranken and John B. Miller be a committee to examine into the state of the library and procure a catalogue of the books and have then entered of record in the book of the association.

Catalogue of Books in Library

1 - Theron and Assasie 2 - Village Sermon - Hill

3 - " " " 4 - Romeinis Works

5 tt.

7 - " B - Village Sermon - Burdess

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9 - Village Sermon - Burdess
10 - Bunylins Law and Grace
11 - Pilgrims Frogress
12 - Boston's Four-fold State
13 - Dodridge's Sermons
14 - Five Points
15 - Force of Truth
16 - Whitfields Sermons
17 - Almost Christian
18 - Village Sermons - Burdess
19 - Afflicted Mans Companion
20 - Pious Meditations
21 - Dodridges Rise and Progress
22 -
       " On Regeneration
23 - Edward on Baptism
24 - Ruin and Recovery
25 - Owin on Spiritual Mindedness
26 - Oilons Religious Exercise
27 - Holy War
28 - Jays Sermons
29 -
     17 11
30 - Davies Discourse
31 -
      17
            11
       27
32 -
33 -
       29
35 - Clintons Introductory Discourse
36 - Sermons to Children
37 - Smith on Baptism
38 - Gouges Works
39 - Milners Church History
40 - Willisons Testimony
41 - Dutch Church Constitution
42 - Edwards on the Affections
43 - Christian Martyrdom
44 - Life of Newton
45 - Divine Cordial
46 - Self Knowledge
47 - Bermits Meditation
48 - Brown's Missions
49 -
       17
50 - Wars of the Jews
51 - Butlers Analogy
52 - Henry on Prayer
53 - Shearlock on Death
54 - " Providence
55 - Sprit of Prayer
56 - Ely's Synopsis
57 - Power of Religion
58 - Drealincourt on Death
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Due to ill health, Thomas Romeyn, Jr. retired from preaching in 1827, when he was only fifty years old, leaving Amity and Niskayuna to live on one of two ferms he had purchased situated on the Town line between Amsterdam and Clenville, very near the Montgomery County Sanstorium and easily reached by traveling up the Touareuna Hill Road to the first cross-road at the top, entering the Touareuna road just beyond Hoffmans on the Amsterdam Road, (22 miles from Visachers Ferry).

It is unknown just why Thomas purchased these farms in this location. Having previously mentioned in this paper that it was no douct due to the location of the Staley families. I later learned that he probably lived at Remsenbush when preaching at that place, Duanesburgh, and the 2nd Reformed Church at Hoffmans Ferry and also that it is probable that he met Ann Staley thefe and some of the Staley's moved over across the river in Glenville later. It is a mystery how a minister could raise a family of eight and ratire at fifty when his salary was only \$200.00 per year with the use the parsonage at the Amity Church and another sum from the Mistrayuna Church. Twenty years after retiring to the farm he fell down stairs and broke his hip and for the last ten years of his life he used crutches to get around.

Early in this paper I mentioned about children being born before Thomas came to Amity, and have found out that there were two boys, Theodoric and Henry. Theodoric, I believe, was a Minister and died early in life somewhere in the sough; thus there were four boys and four girls. Harriet Stafford Romeyn never married and lived to be quite old. When Thomas, Jr. died he left the main farm to Benjamin and the tenant house and about 80 acres to Thomas, 3rd. When Benjamin died the widow sold the place and went to live with her brother in Troy. Both Benjamin and Thomas, 3rd were born at Amity or Visschers Ferry. Later the old homestead burned down and a new one was built by the Fahey's, who purchased it from Benjamin's wife, and still live there.

Thomas 5th is 80 years old and lives in the same little house left to his grandfather, has never married and stayed with his mother until she died 18 years ago. This winter his sister is keeping house for him. Some of the old furniture, I understand, is left from the split when the Domino died, and no doubt has been in Amity. Whatever old papers and sermons were left are missing; perhaps they were lost or destroyed by Benjamin's family as Thomas didn't seem to have any trace of them and don't recall seeing any.

The manual of the Reformed Church in America Chow

the following Romeyn ministers as registered up to 1860 and all related, except perhaps the first one.

Benjamin F. - Rutgers College, 1842 - Churches: Brooklyn, Albany-Canajoharie. Some question about the spelling (Romaine)

Benjamin, Son of Thomas, Sr., b 1774, died just after finishing his studies.

Dirok. College of N. J., brother of Thomas, Sr. - Merbletown, Rochester, Warsing, Hackenseck, Schraalenberg, Schanectady, Union College.

Thomas, Sr., College of N. J. - Churches; Success, Newton Oyster Bay, Jamica, Mnisink, Welpeck, Smithfield, Deerpark, Fonda.

Theodore, F. Son of Thomas, Sr., b 1760, d 1785.

Thomas, Jr., Son of Thomas, Sr., b 1777, d 1857. Churches; Remsenbush, Niskayuna, Amity,

James, Van Campen: - Son of Thomas, Sr., b Minisink, 1765. Schenectady Academy 1784, churches; Schodack, Greenbush, Wynantskill, Hackensack, Schraelenburgh.

James - Son of J. Van Campen, b Greenbush 1797, Churches; Nassau, Six Mile Run, Hackensack, Catskill, Leeds, Borgen neck, Geneva, d 1859.

Jeremiah: - Nephew of Thomas, Sr., b N.Y. City, 1768. Churches: Red Hook, Harlem, Schoharle Ell, Roxbury, Woodstock, d 1818.

John Brodhead: Son of Dirck, b 1777, Churches, Rhinebeck Flats, Schenschady Prabyt., Albany Prasbyt., Naw York Cadar St. Presbyt., d 1825.

Theodore, B. - Son of James - Churches, Bergen, Blawenberg, Hackensack. Graduated from Rutgers, 1846.

This information was obtained from: -

Thomas Romeyn, 5th Amity Church Records Union College Percy Van Epps Publications on the Town of Glenville. Manual of the Reformed Church of America, by E. T. Corwin, 1869.

The photograph was copied from a picture obtained from Union College. H. Bucker 11.20.43

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Thomas & oneyn 1797 Thomas Romeyn